

# WRF-Hydro/Airborne Snow Observatory Assimilated Hydrologic Forecasts: Colorado

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[Updated for all basins each new forecast that becomes available]

**Provided by: NCAR WRF-Hydro Modeling Team**

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## Overview:

This report summarizes WRF-Hydro forecast results for selected major river basin forecast points across the state of Colorado. Included in each report are the following:

- Spatial maps of analyzed ASO-assimilated SWE from WRF-Hydro
- Time-series plots of basin-averaged analyzed and forecasted SWE from the WRF-Hydro OpenLoop model, WRF-Hydro ASO-assimilated model and SNODAS products
- Plots of elevation bin-averaged SWE vs. elevation from WRF-Hydro OpenLoop and ASO-Assimilated analyses and SNODAS
- Tabulations of Apr. 1 – Jul. 31 and/or Apr. 1 – Sep. 30 ensemble seasonal water supply forecasts

## WRF-Hydro Forecasts for the Colorado Airborne Snow Measurement (CASM)

The WRF-Hydro modeling system has been employed in various seasonal water supply forecasting activities in the State of Colorado since 2015. Starting first in the Rio Grande/Conejos River basin regions new forecast basins/locations have steadily been added over time as interest in the system has grown. Currently a single model domain has been established over all of the mountain headwater regions of the state to enable snowpack and runoff predictions from key water resource generation areas. While the model integrates over all of these areas, preparation and optimization of *reliable* forecasts at particular locations is limited to areas where funded efforts have been made to engage in data assimilation, model evaluation and model optimization. Prior forecast domains have included the Rio/Conejos system, East/Taylor system, the Dolores basin, Blue River/Dillon Reservoir system and the Upper Colorado/Fraser/Willow Creek/Windy Gap system. The CASM mission has recently (past 2 years) contributed to this data assimilation and model optimization effort by coordinating and support Airborne Snow Observatory, Inc. surveys of snowpack and model forecasting activities. This year new forecast basins include the Roaring Fork/Frying Pan System, the Upper South Platte System and Poudre/ Big Thompson/St. Vrain/Boulder/Clear Creek Front Range systems. Implementation of these new areas along with enhanced optimization of prior domains initiated in April 2023 at the start of the new contract to

fund WRF-Hydro forecasting. As such, forecast development for new basins added this year are still a work in progress and forecast results will be shared as they become available.

This report is organized by river basin which each basin area containing the following information:

- Spatial analyses of ASO-assimilated (where available) snow water equivalent (SWE)
- Basin-averaged analyses and ensemble mean forecast plots of SWE
- Elevation distributions of SWE
- Spatial maps and basin-averaged analyses of modeled soil moisture
- Sub-seasonal (April-July) and seasonal (April-Sept.) values of ensemble accumulated runoff or reservoir inflow

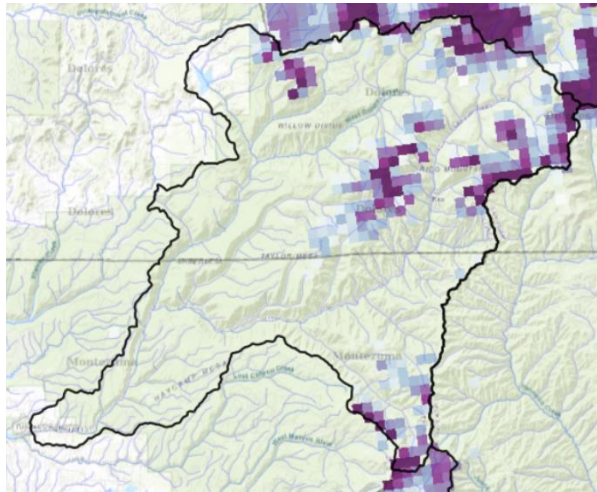
Additional model outputs are being prepared and will be added to future reports as they become available. Additionally, as noted above, several forecast locations are new or are having issues addressed that relate to the availability of timely and quality unregulated flow information for model calibration and forecast preparation. As such, not all locations have forecast information available at this time but will be added as work proceeds.

**IMPORTANT:** All flow accumulation forecasts from this specific configuration of the WRF-Hydro model are “natural” flow values with no accounting for reservoir storage/release, diversions, transfers or managed return flows. As such, these forecast numbers should be compared against analogous naturalized flow measurements or estimates.

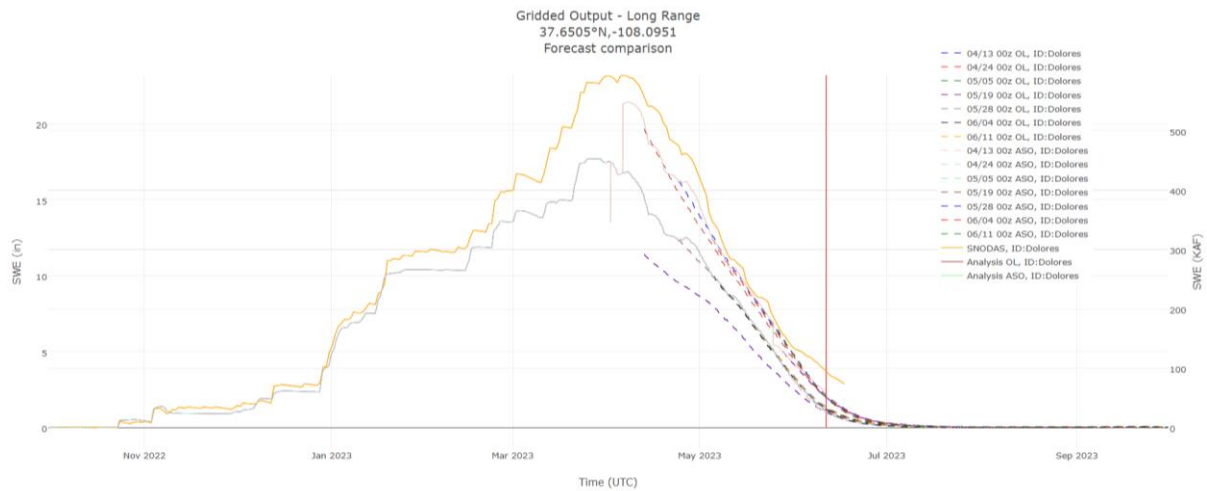
## Dolores River Basin:

As of June 11 the ASO-assimilated snowpack from the WRF-Hydro model with ASO survey assimilation last acquired on May 25 was approximately 62.2 kac-ft and dropping quickly. Snowpack ablation forecasts have tracked subsequent analyses quite well. Nearly all snowpack resided above 11,000 ft. Basin-averaged soil saturation fraction remained over 70% indicating very wet conditions though values have continued to decrease from their seasonal peaks.

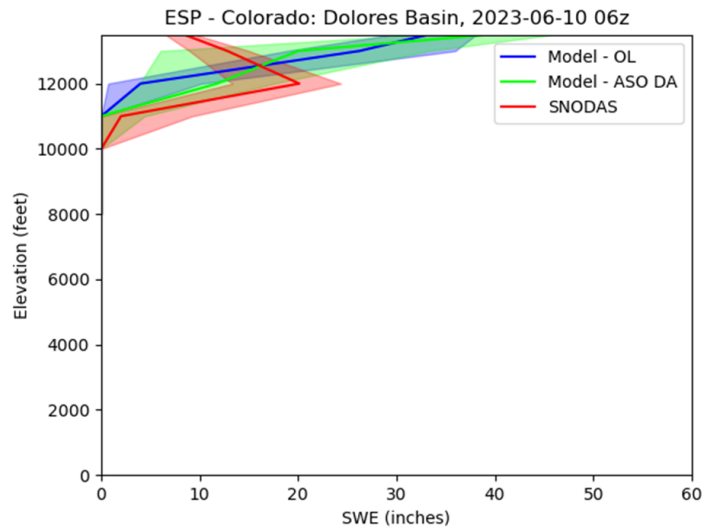
### Spatial map of ASO-assimilated SWE:



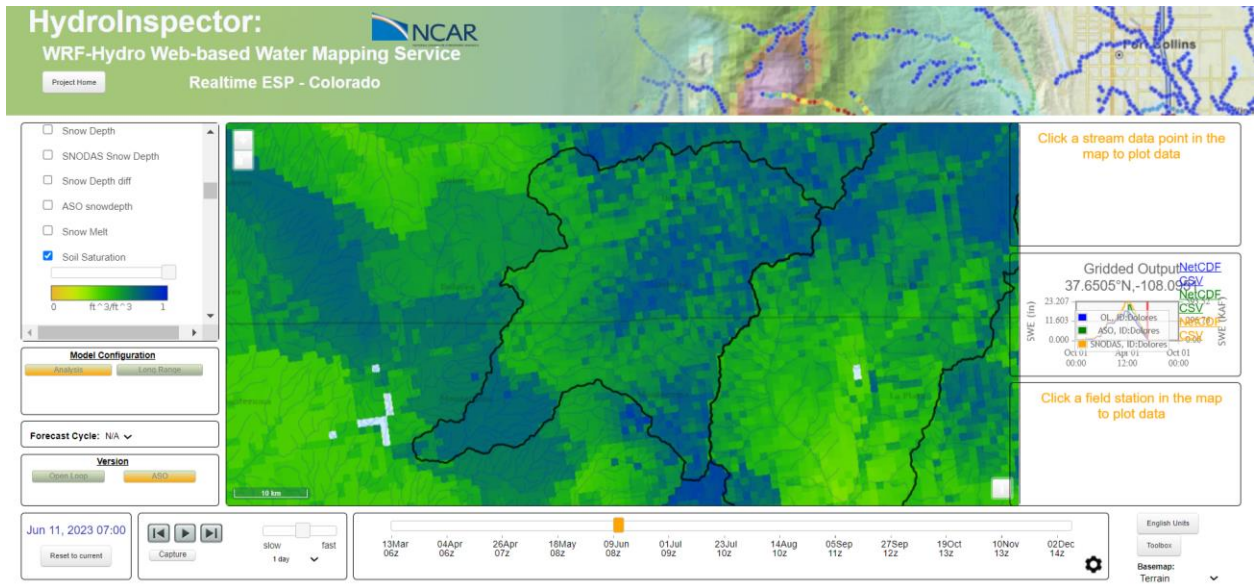
### Basin-averaged analyses and forecasts of ASO-assimilated SWE:



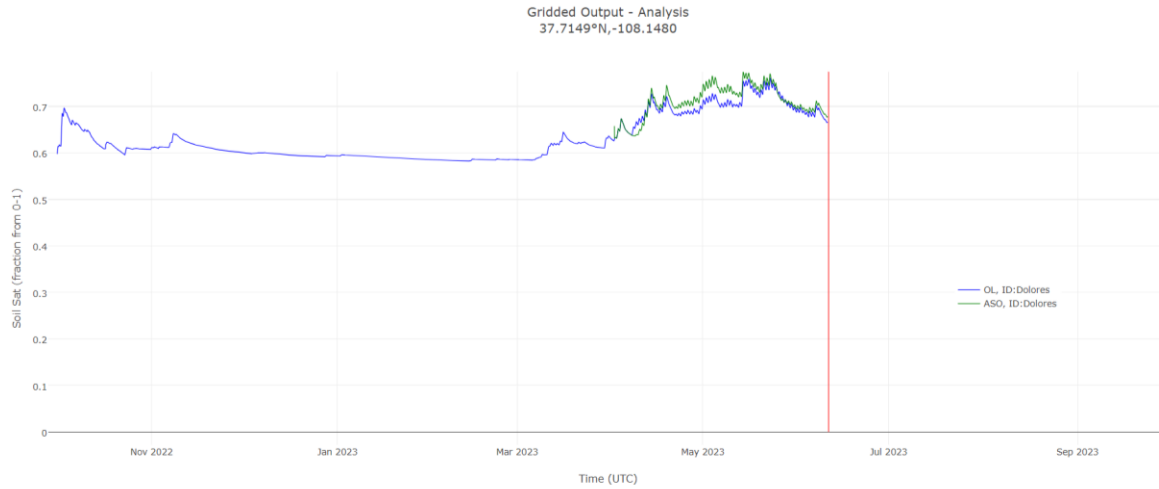
Elevation profile of SWE for SNODAS (red), ASO-assimilated snowpack (green) and WRF-Hydro OpenLoop (blue)



Spatial map of WRF-Hydro modelled soil saturation:



*Basin-averaged soil saturation values:*



*Dolores R. at Dolores, CO, median (Q50) runoff forecast (initialized on 6/11/2023):*

Apr-Jul: 410.5 kac-ft \*(Noted major diversion upstream to Groundhog Res.: 21.4 kac-ft and climbing....adjusted total = 431.9 kac-ft)

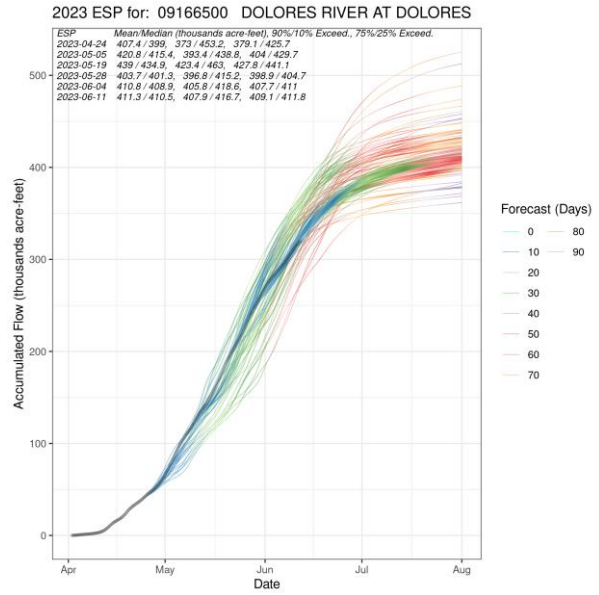
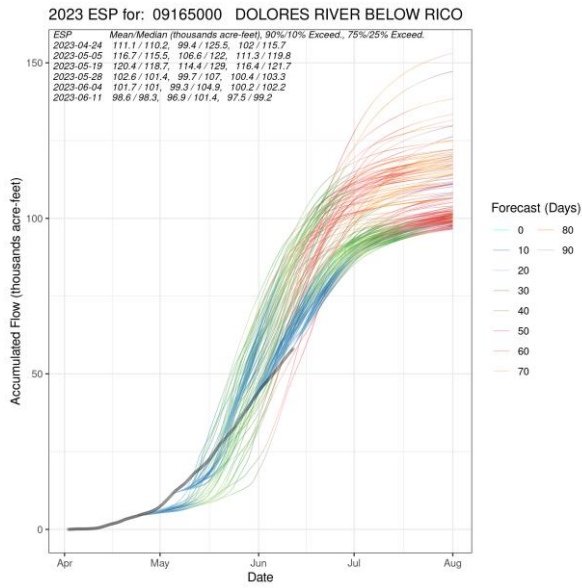
Apr-Sep: 436.3 kac-ft \*(Noted major diversion upstream to Groundhog Res.: 21.4 kac-ft and climbing....adjusted total = 458 kac-ft)

*Dolores R. blw Rico, CO, median (Q50) runoff forecast (initialized on 6/11/2023):*

Apr-Jul: 98.3 kac-ft

Apr-Sep: 107.2 kac-ft

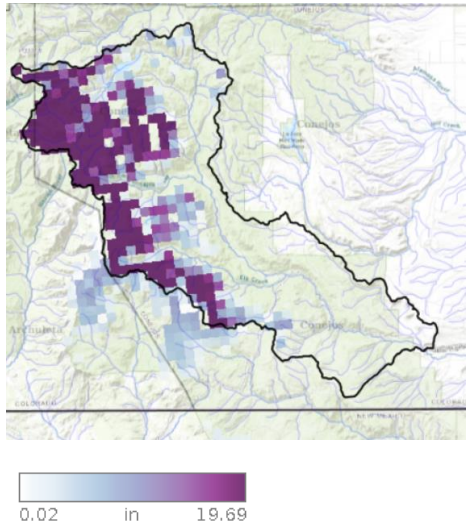
Sample plots for Apr-Jul ESP forecasts (ignore forecasts before 4/24):



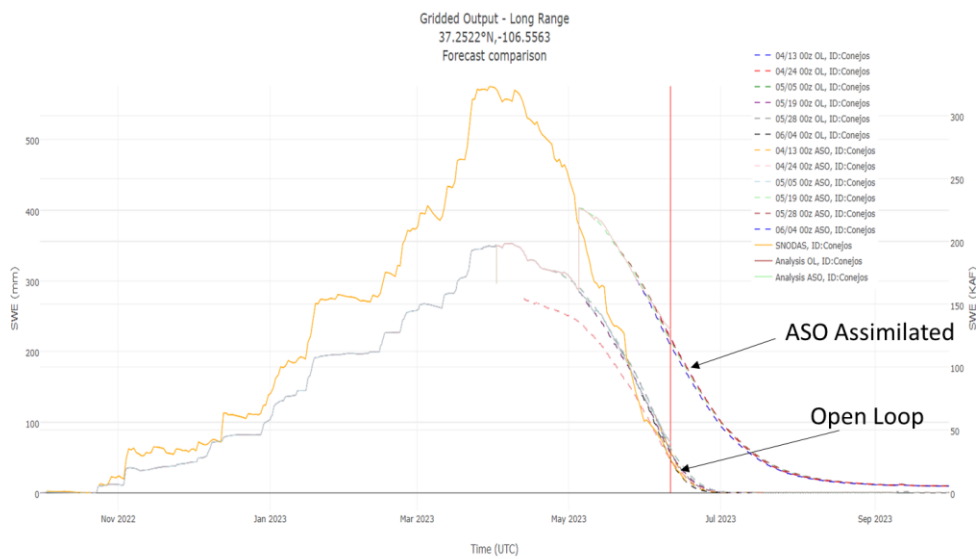
## Conejos System:

As of June 11 the ASO-assimilated snowpack from the WRF-Hydro model was approximately 129.5 kac-ft for the Conejos basin above Mogote. Nearly all snowpack in both basins resided largely above 11,000 ft. Basin averaged soil saturation fraction have continued to fall below their seasonal maximum values and currently reside below 70%.

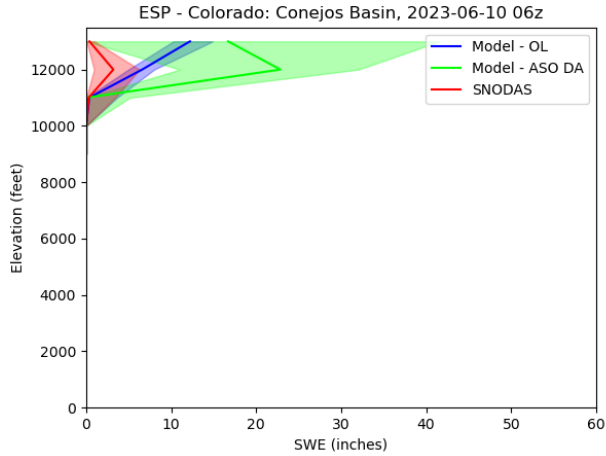
*Spatial map of ASO-assimilated SWE:*



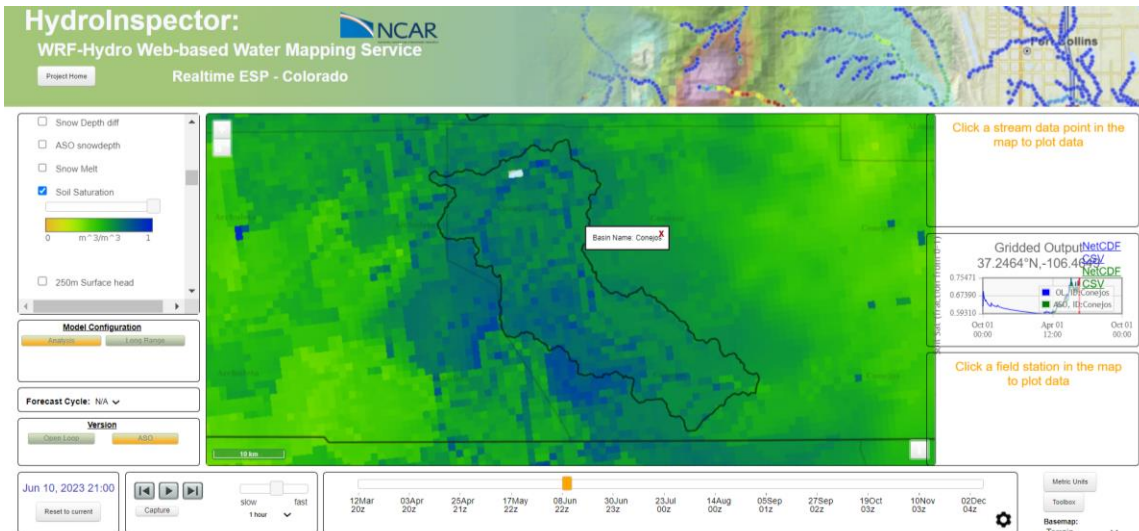
*Conejos basin-averaged analyses and forecasts of ASO-assimilated SWE:*



Elevation profile of SWE for SNODAS (red), ASO-assimilated snowpack (green) and WRF-Hydro OpenLoop (blue)

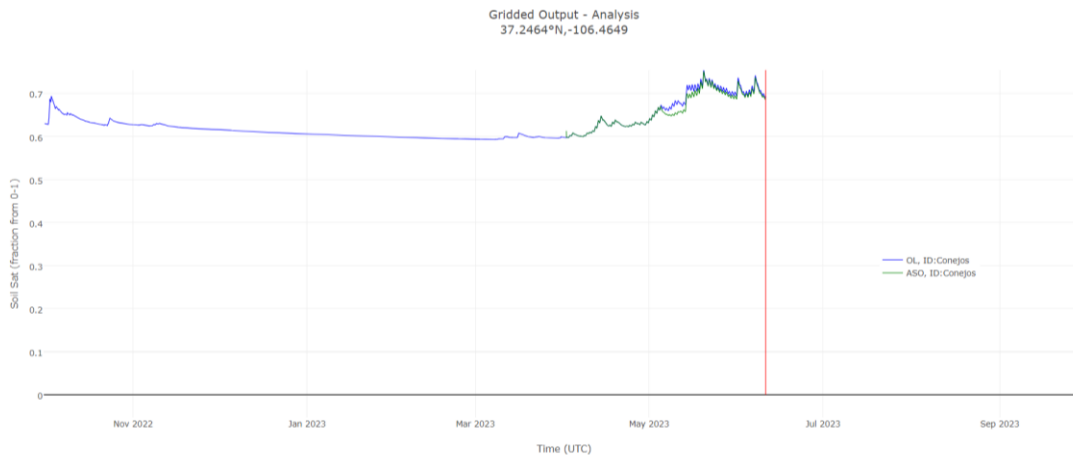


Spatial map of WRF-Hydro modelled soil saturation:





**Basin-averaged soil saturation values:**



**Conejos April-Sep and April-July Median (Q50) Accumulated Runoff/Inflow (initialized on 6/11/2023):**

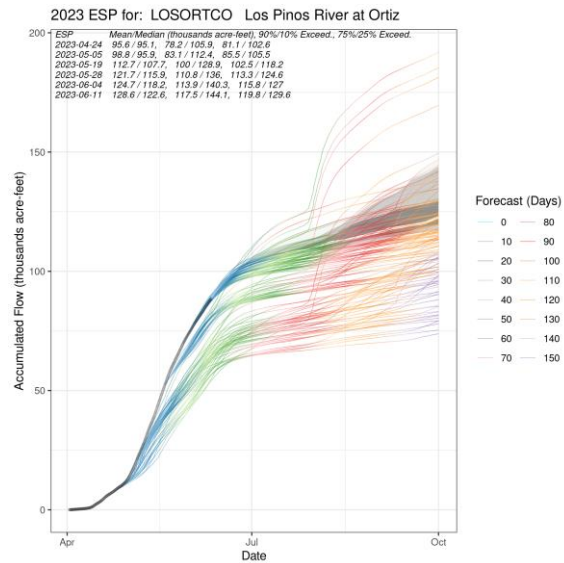
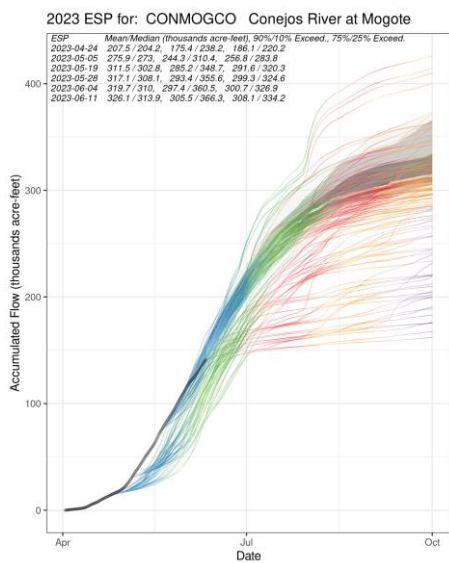
Conejos System: WRF-Hydro/ASO: 416.5 kac-ft (Apr-Jul): 465.8 kac-ft (Apr-Sep)

Conejos at Mogote: WRF-Hydro/ASO: 279.2 kac-ft (Apr-Jul): 313.9 kac-ft (Apr-Sep)

San Antonio @ Ortiz: WRF-Hydro/ASO: 27.3 kac-ft (Apr-Jul): 29.3 kac-ft (Apr-Sep)

Los Pinos @ Ortiz: WRF-Hydro/ASO: 110 kac-ft (Apr-Jul): 122.6 kac-ft (Apr-Sep)

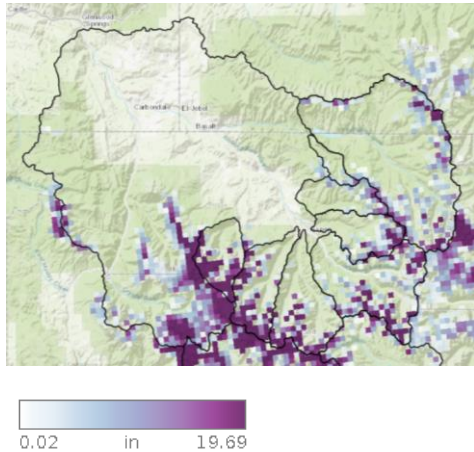
**Sample plots for Apr-Sep ESP forecasts (ignore forecasts before 4/24):**



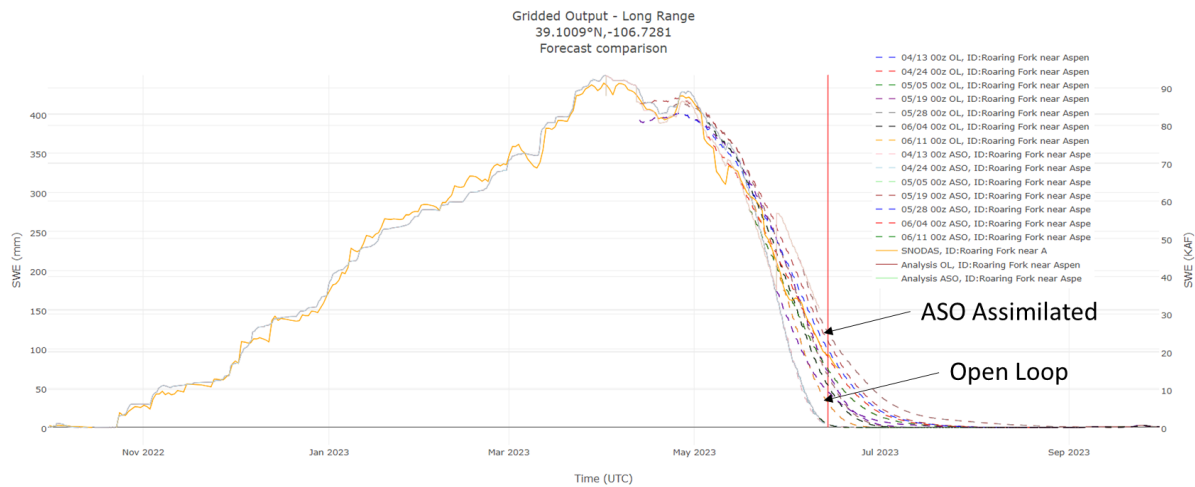
## Roaring Fork/Frying Pan System:

As of June 11 the ASO-assimilated snowpack from the WRF-Hydro model was approximately 31.5 kac-ft for the Roaring Fork River above Aspen and 30.6 kac-ft for the Frying Pan River above Ruedi Reservoir following the latest available ASO survey conducted on May 27-28. The bulk of the remaining snowpack in the combined Roaring Fork/Frying Pan system resided above 11,000 ft. Basin averaged soil saturation fractions for the combined Roaring Fork/Frying Pan system above Glenwood saw a modest increase as a result of the ASO assimilation and consequent melt of that snowpack into the basin.

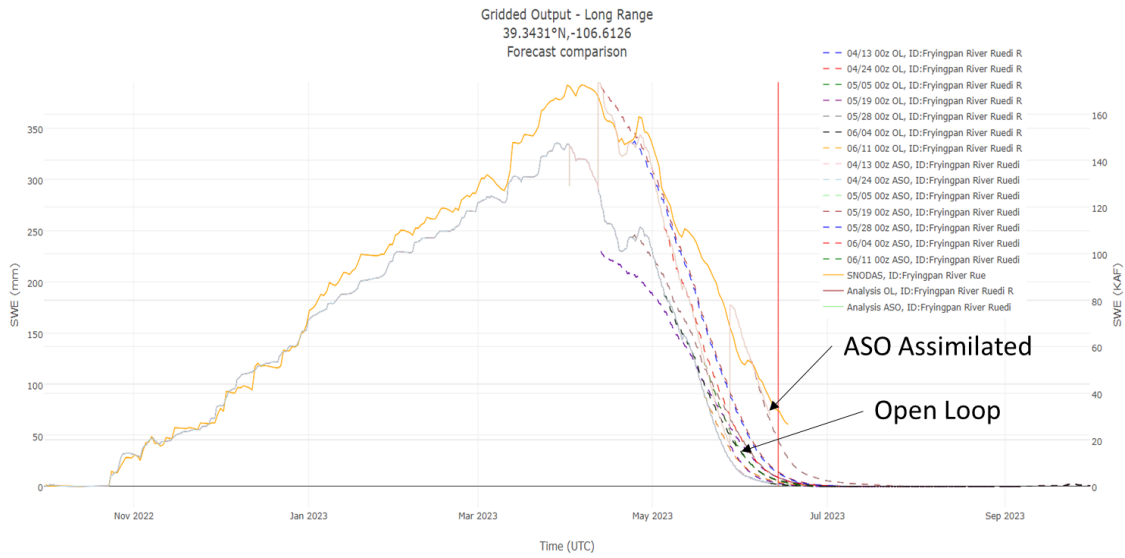
*Spatial map of ASO-assimilated SWE:*



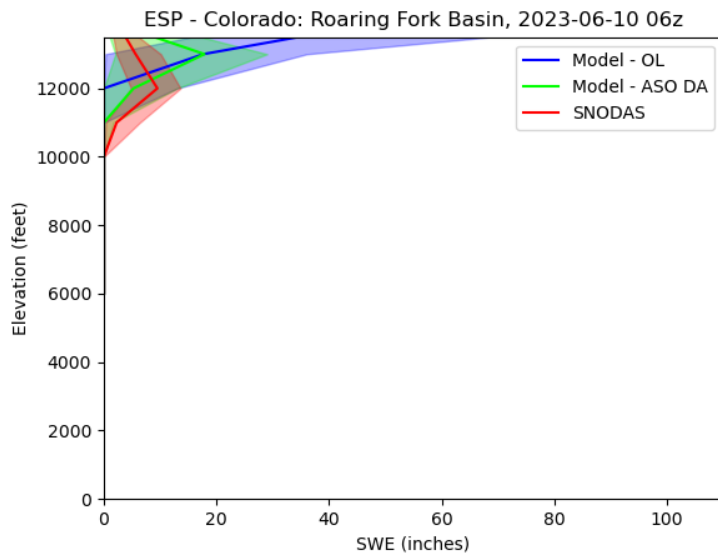
*Basin-averaged analyses and forecasts of ASO-assimilated SWE (Roaring Fork River near Aspen):*



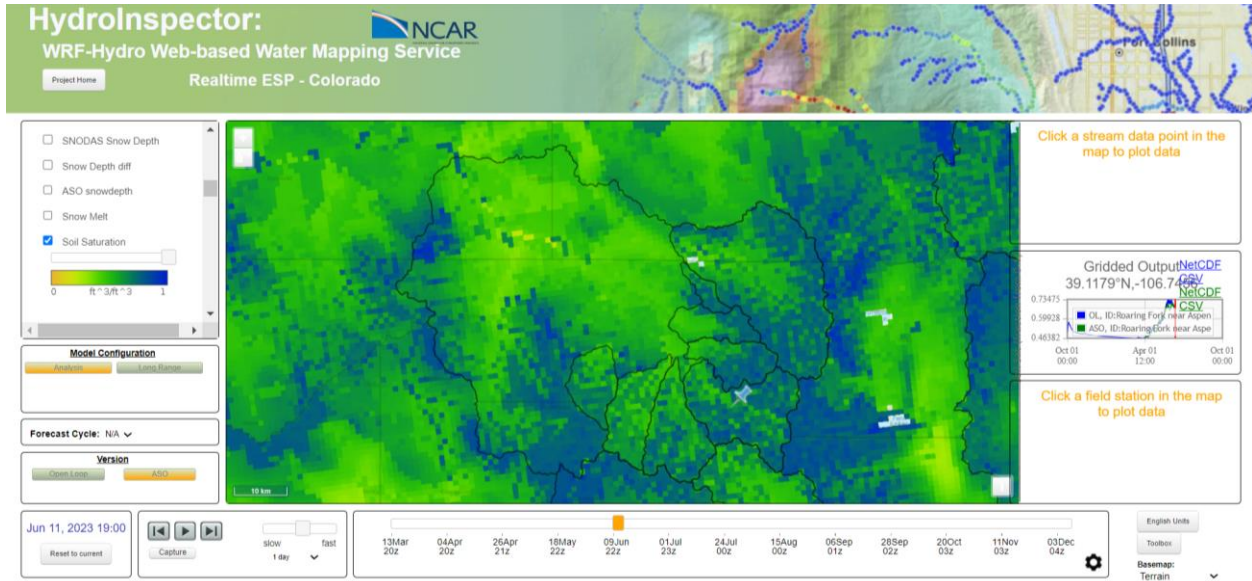
*Basin-averaged analyses and forecasts of ASO-assimilated SWE (Frying Pan River above Ruedi Reservoir):*



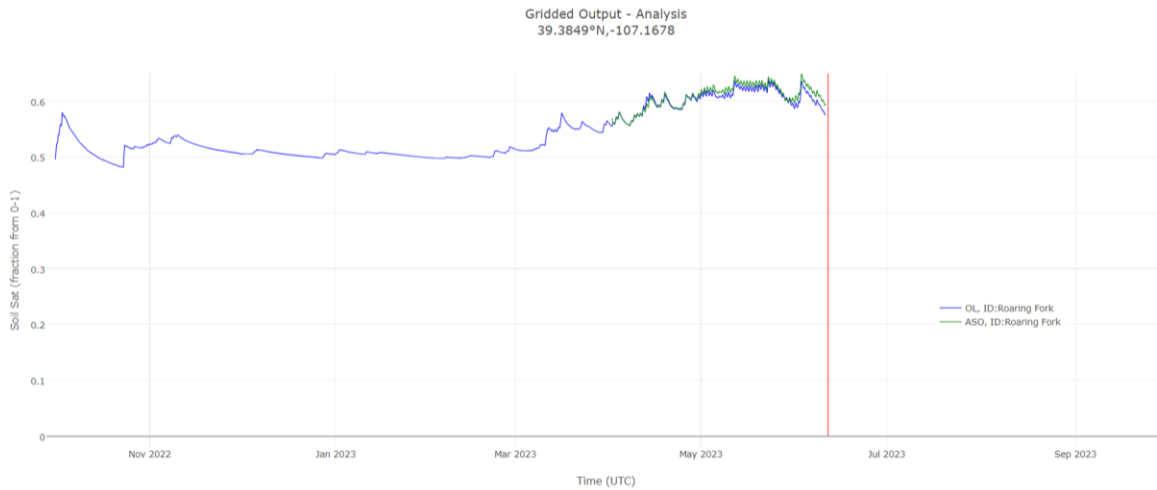
*Elevation profile of SWE for SNODAS (red), ASO-assimilated snowpack (green) and WRF-Hydro OpenLoop (blue) for the combined Roaring Fork/Frying Pan System above Glenwood Springs, CO:*



Spatial map of WRF-Hydro modelled soil saturation:



Basin-averaged soil saturation values:



Roaring Fork/Frying Pan April-Jul Median (Q50) Accumulated Runoff/Inflow (initialized on 6/11/2023):

Roaring Fork near Aspen: 66.8 kac-ft (New forecast site)

Roaring Fork abv Difficult near Aspen: 47.2 kac-ft (New forecast site)

Roaring Fork at Glenwood Springs: 649 kac-ft (New forecast site, "naturalized" flow forecast, downstream of major anthropogenics, currently based on actual-obs flows...very experimental)

Snowmass Creek: 39.8 kac-ft (New forecast site)

Frying Pan River @ Meridith: 91.8 kac-ft (New forecast site...heavily impacted from upstream diversions...)

Ruedi Reservoir Inflow: 100.7 kac-ft (New forecast site...heavily impacted from upstream diversions...)

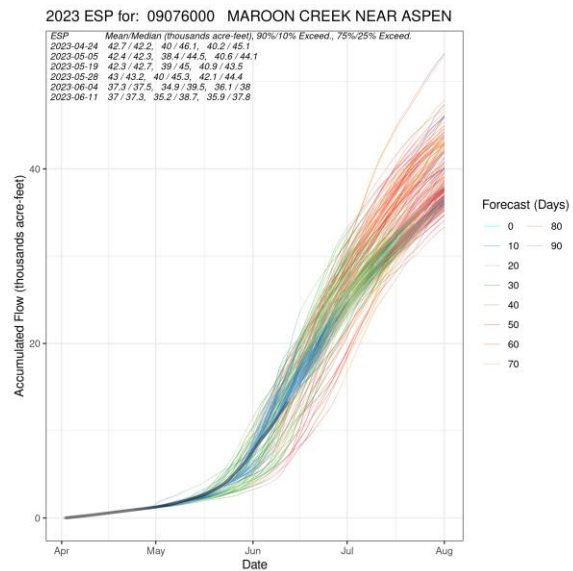
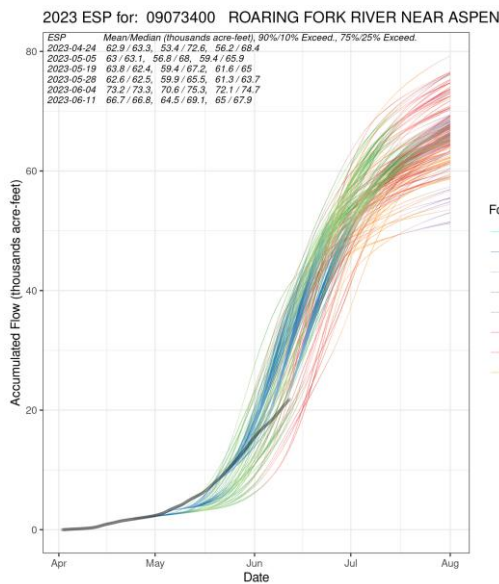
Hunter Cr: 32.9 kac-ft (\*based on analyzed past flow, not observed)

Maroon Cr nr Aspen: 37.3 kac-ft (New forecast site)

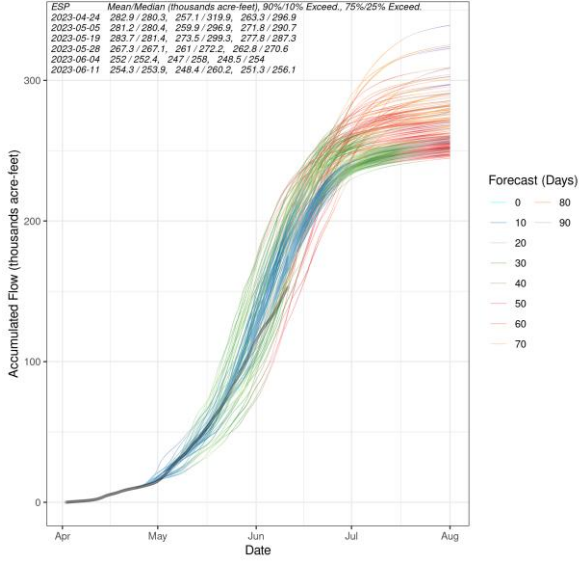
Castle Cr: 48.9 kac-ft (New forecast site)

Crystal River @ Dow Fish Hatchery nr Carbondale: 253.9 kac-ft (New forecast site)

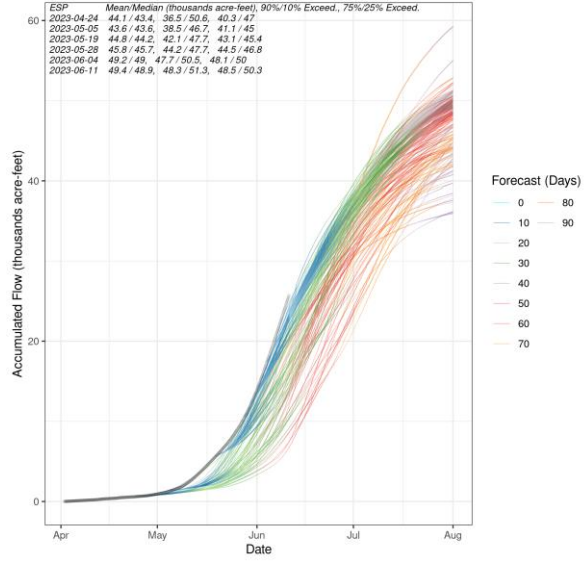
Sample plots for Apr-Oct ESP forecasts (ignore forecasts before 4/24):



2023 ESP for: CRYDOWCO CRYSTAL AT DOW FISH HATCHERY CARBONI



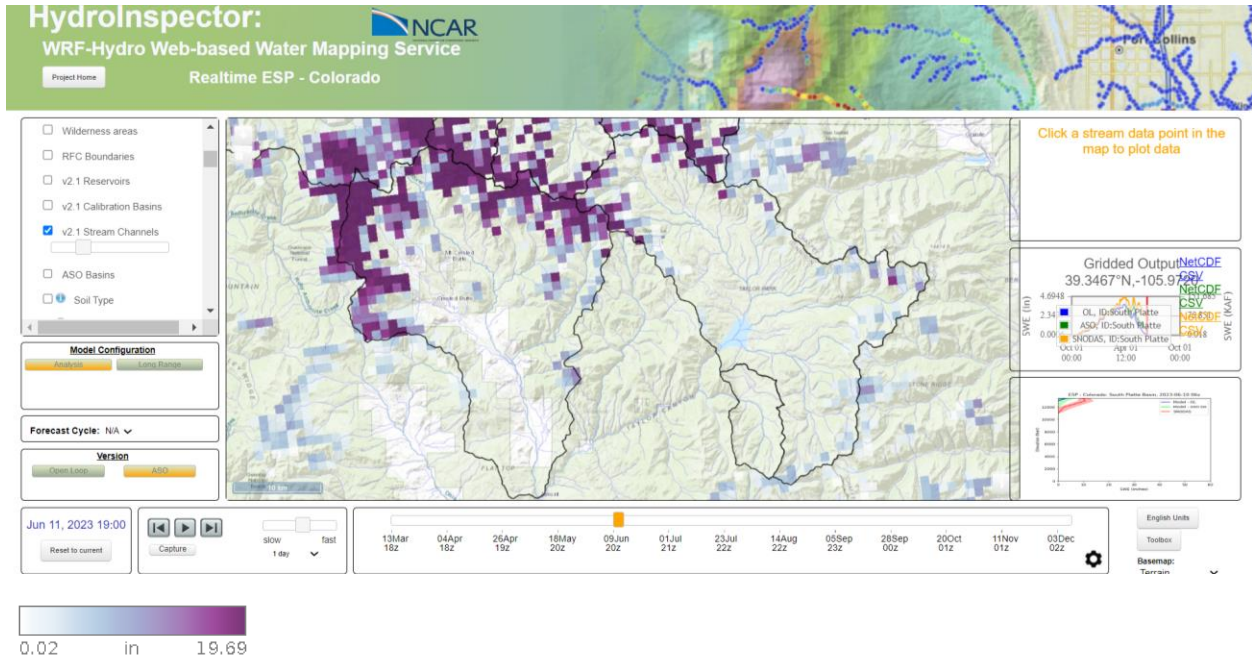
2023 ESP for: 09075000 CASTLE CREEK NEAR ASPEN



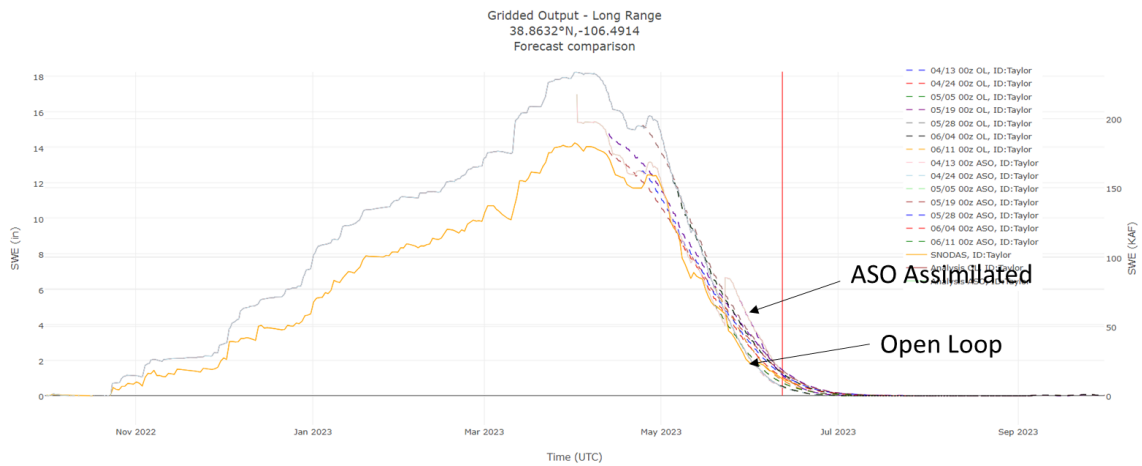
## Taylor River/East River System:

As of June 11 the ASO-assimilated snowpack from the WRF-Hydro model was approximately 18.8 kac-ft for the Taylor basin above Taylor Reservoir and 100.8 kac-ft for the East River above Almont. The bulk of the remaining snowpack in the throughout the Upper Taylor and East River basins resided above 11,000-11,500 ft. Basin averaged soil saturation fractions for both systems have started to show some modest declines and have fallen below 70%.

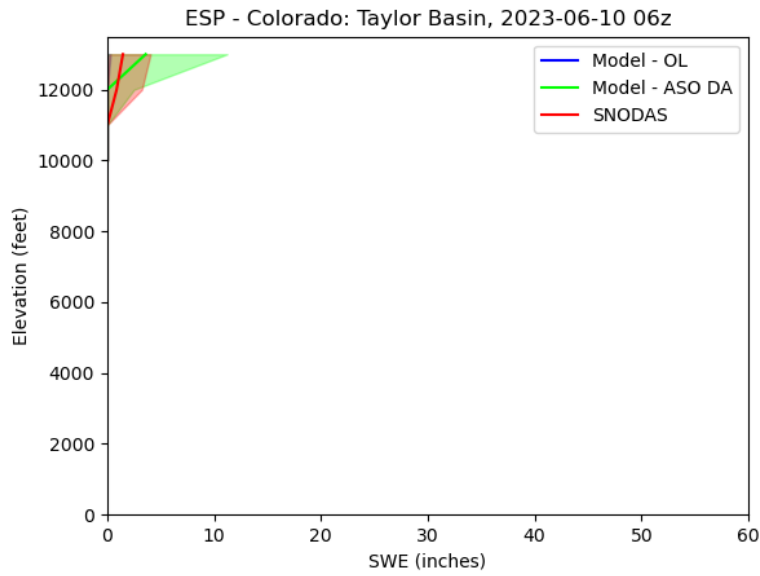
### East and Taylor River Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis



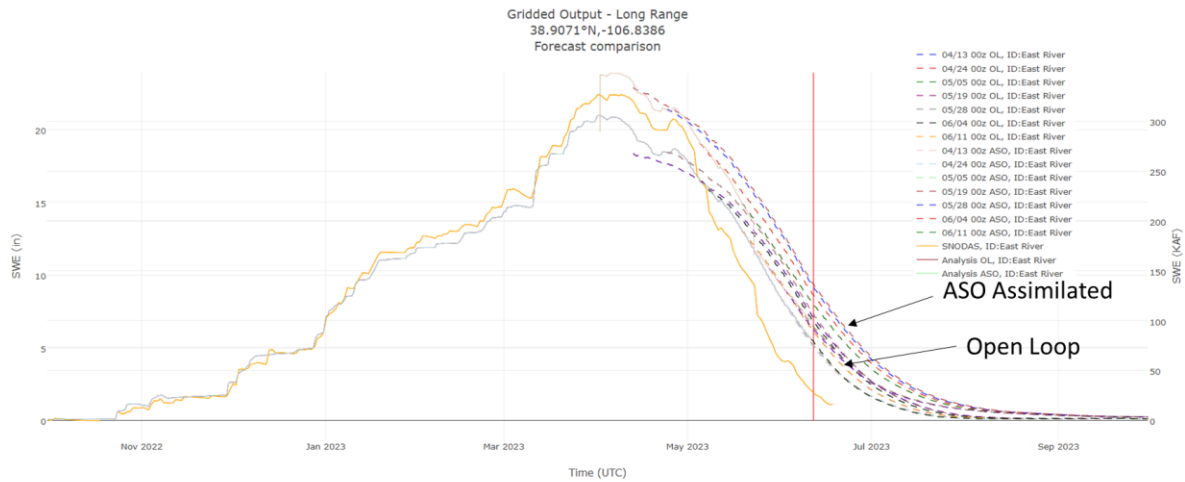
### Taylor Basin Basin-averaged Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis and Forecasts



Elevation profile of SWE for SNODAS (red), ASO-assimilated snowpack (green) and WRF-Hydro OpenLoop (blue) for the Taylor basin above Taylor Park Reservoir:

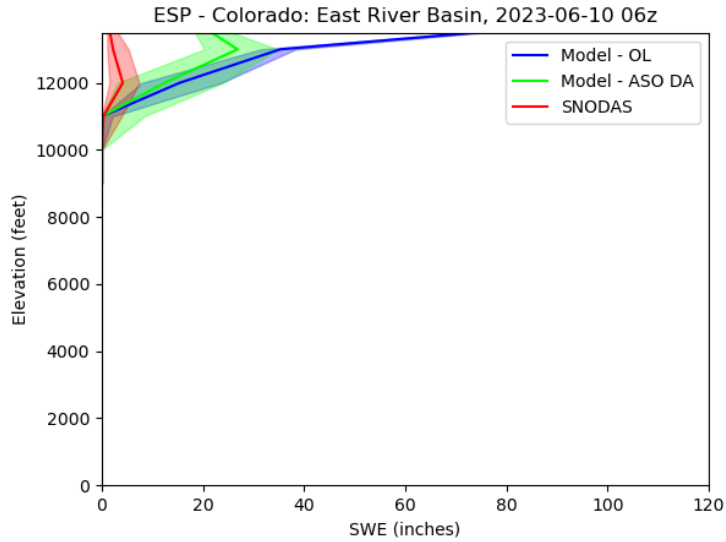


East River Basin-averaged Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis and Forecasts:

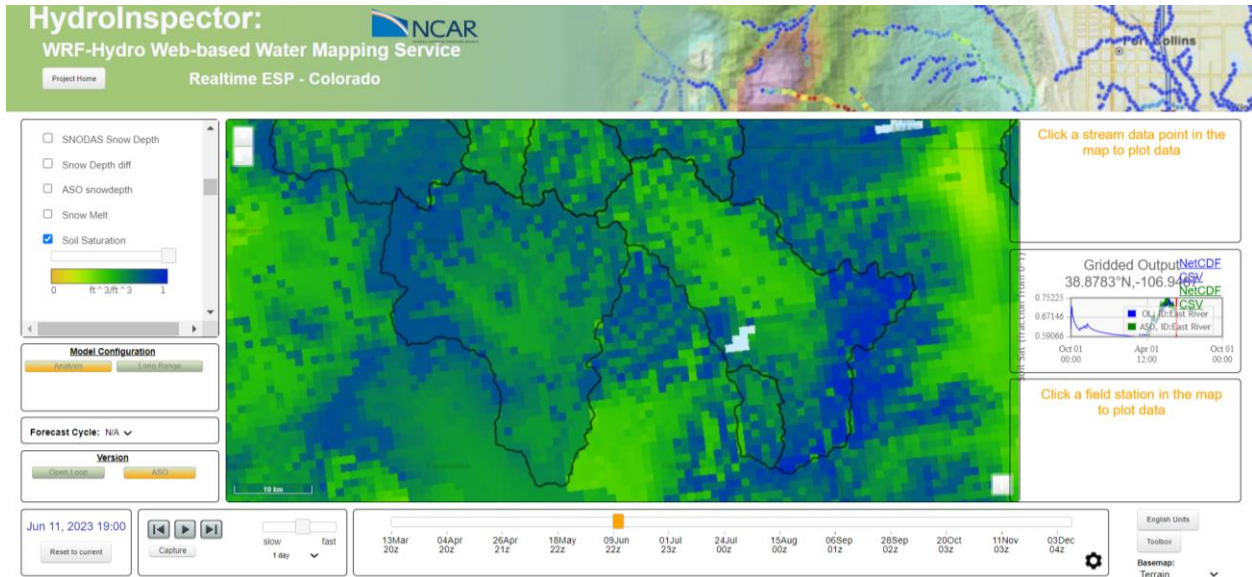




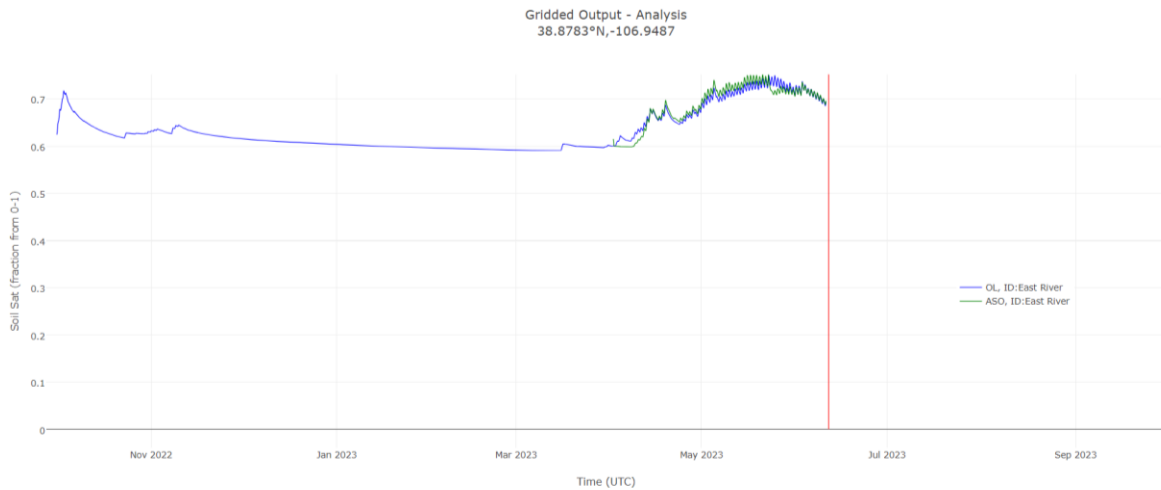
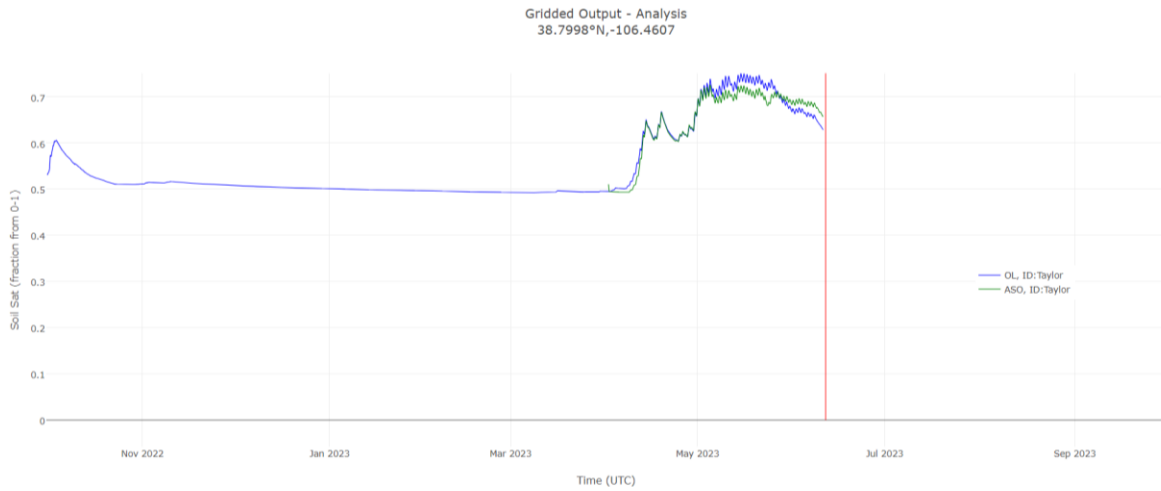
Elevation profile of SWE for SNODAS (red), ASO-assimilated snowpack (green) and WRF-Hydro OpenLoop (blue) for the East River basin above Almont, CO:



Spatial map of WRF-Hydro modelled soil saturation:



*Basin-averaged soil saturation values for the Taylor River basin above Taylor Reservoir and East River above Almont:*



*Taylor and East Rivers April-Jul Median (Q50) Accumulated Runoff/Inflow (initialized on 6/11/2023):*

Taylor Reservoir Inflow: 120 kac-ft

Taylor R. abv Taylor Res: 63 kac-ft

Texas Cr. abv Taylor Res: 20 kac-ft

Willow Crk abv Taylor Res: 16.7 kac-ft

East River at Almont: 272 kac-ft

Elk Creek abv Crested Butte: 2.8 kac-ft

Ohio Creek @ Baldwin: 72 kac-ft

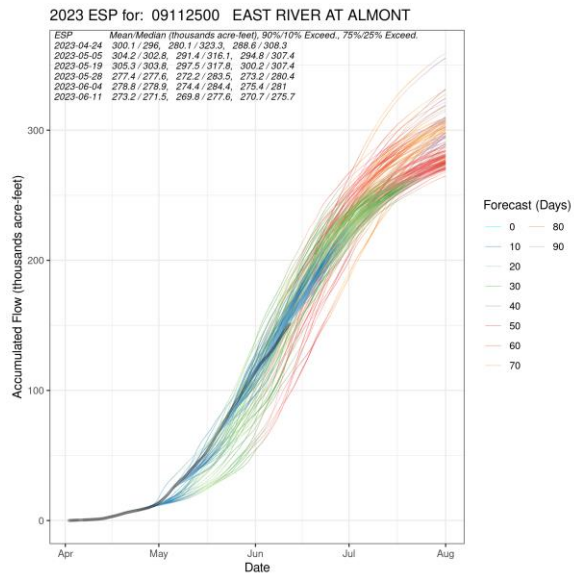
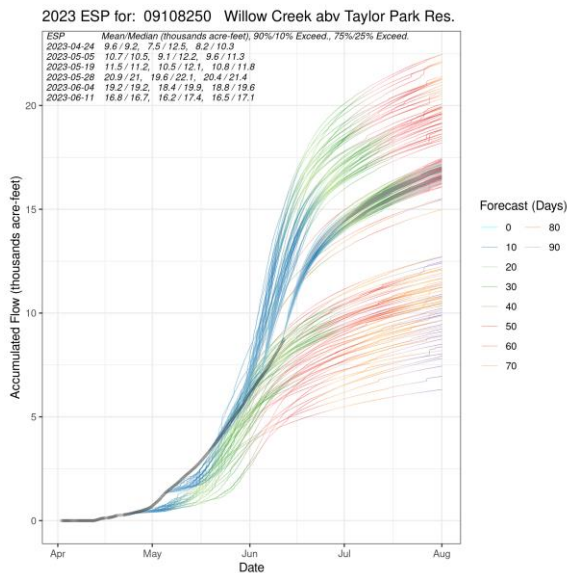
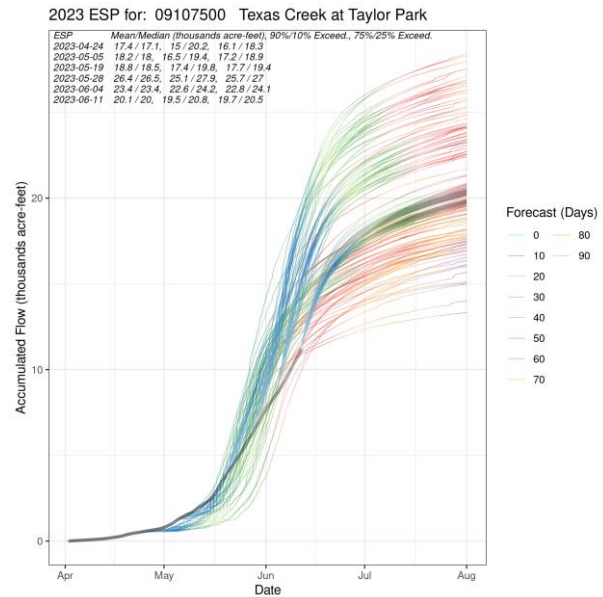
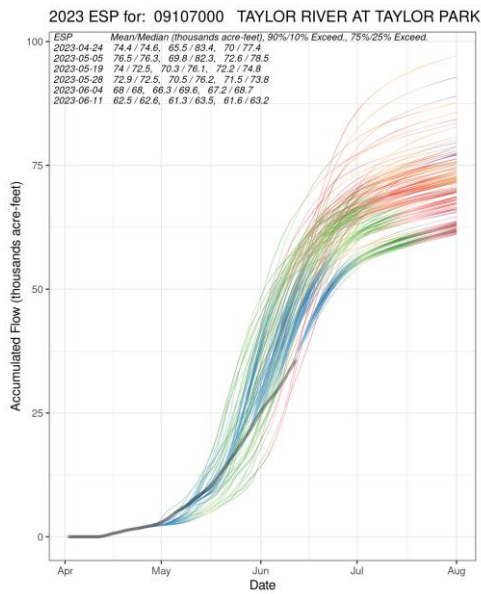
Slate River nr Crested Butte: 128.7 kac-ft

Coal Cr nr Crested Butte: 29 kac-ft

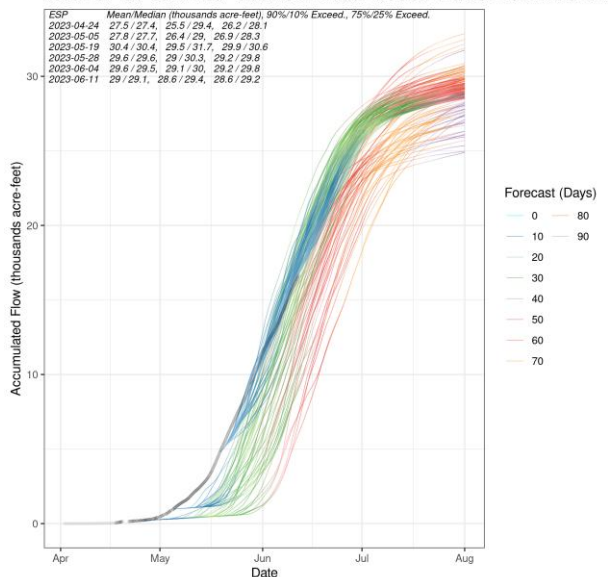
Tomichi Cr @ Sargents: 41.9 kac-ft

Blue Mesa inflow: 887.3 kac-ft (notable upstream diversions/management)

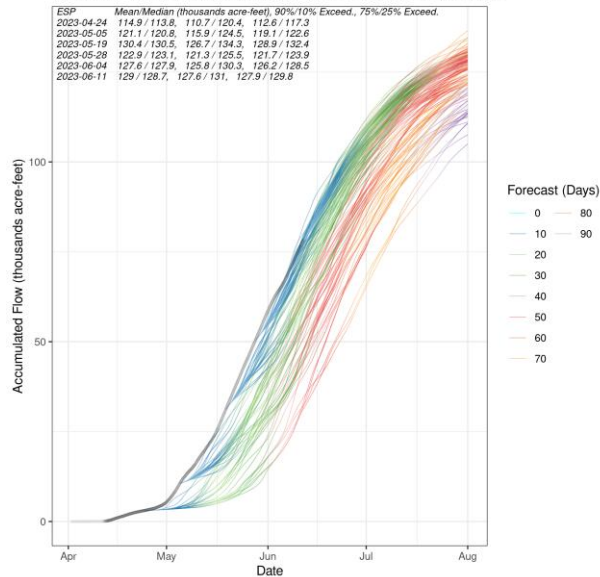
Example ensemble flow accumulation plot for Apr-Jul inflow (initialized 6/4/2023):



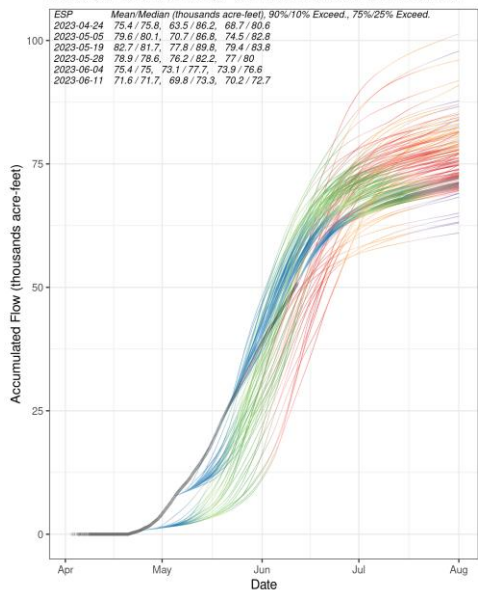
2023 ESP for: 09111250 COAL CREEK abv MCCORMICK CRESTED BUTTE



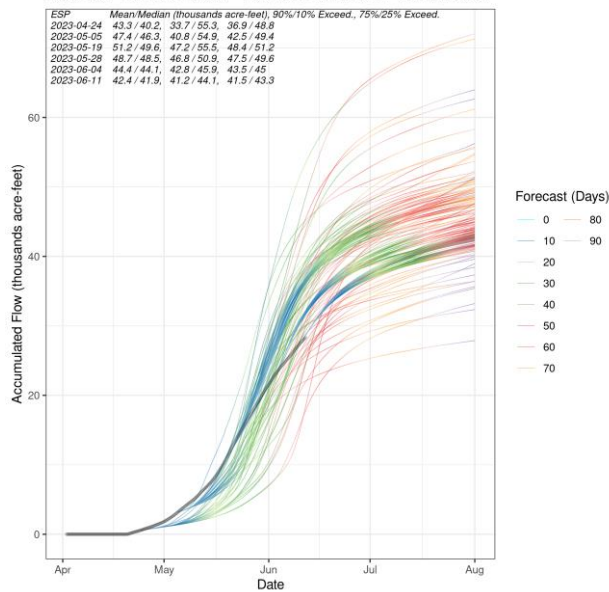
2023 ESP for: 385106106571000 Slate River nr Crested Butte



2023 ESP for: 091113500 OHIO CREEK NEAR BALDWIN



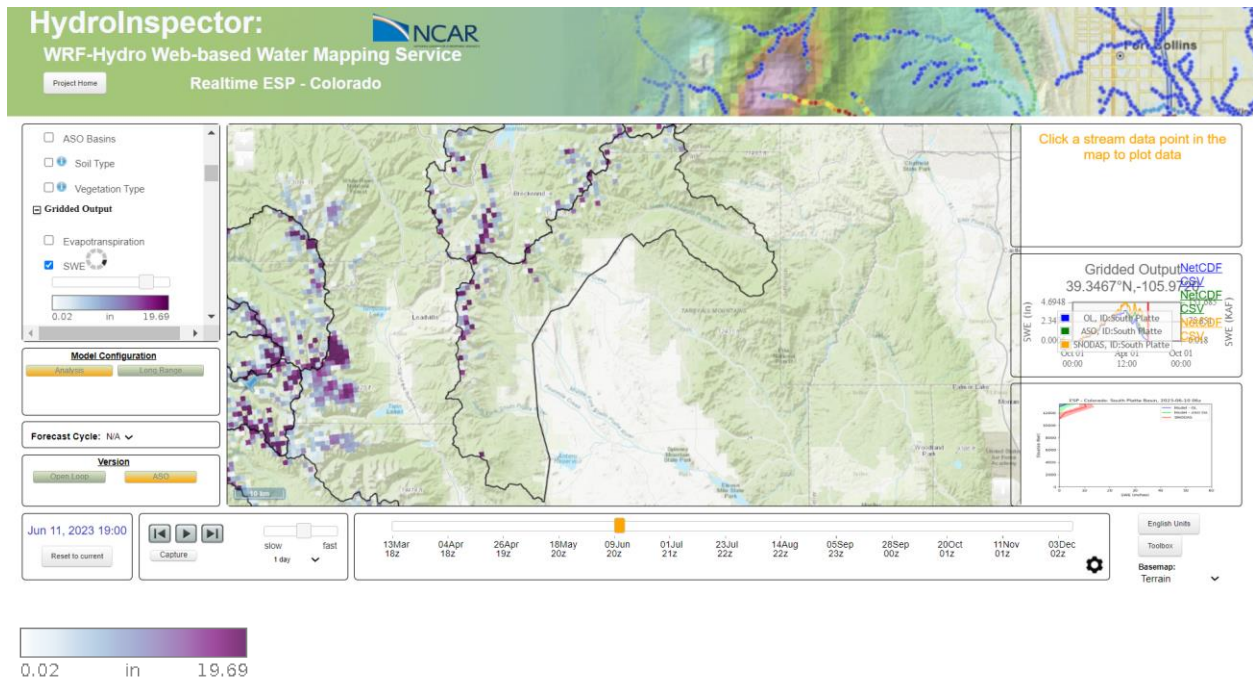
2023 ESP for: 091115500 TOMICHI CREEK AT SARGENTS



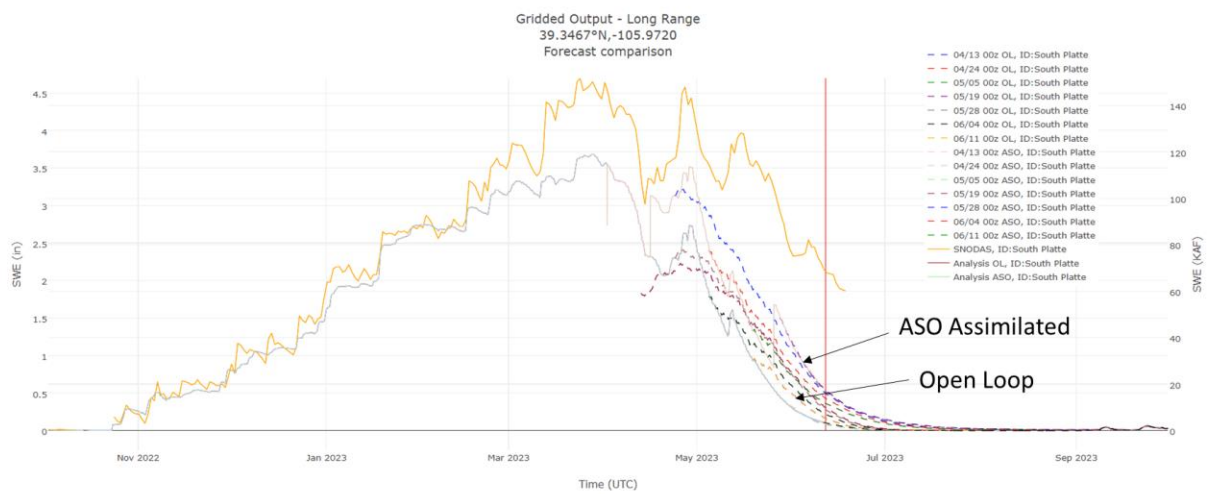
## Upper South Platte River System:

As of June 11 the ASO-assimilated snowpack from the WRF-Hydro model was approximately 19 kac-ft for the Upper South Platte River basin. What minor snowpack remaining in the basin is found above 12,000 ft. Basin averaged soil saturation fractions have continued to remain around 70-72%, continuing to indicate generally wet conditions.

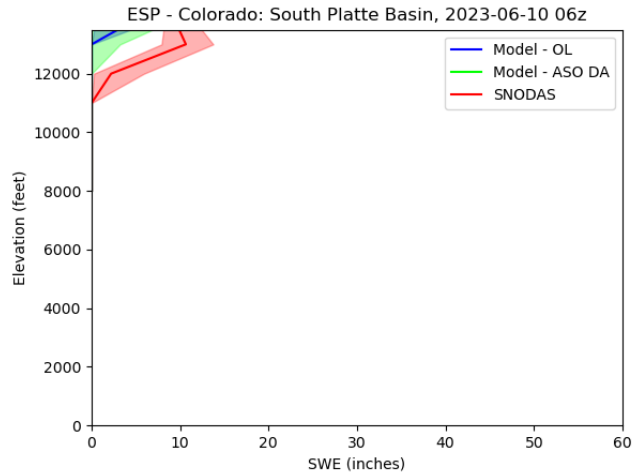
### Upper South Platte River Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis and Forecasts



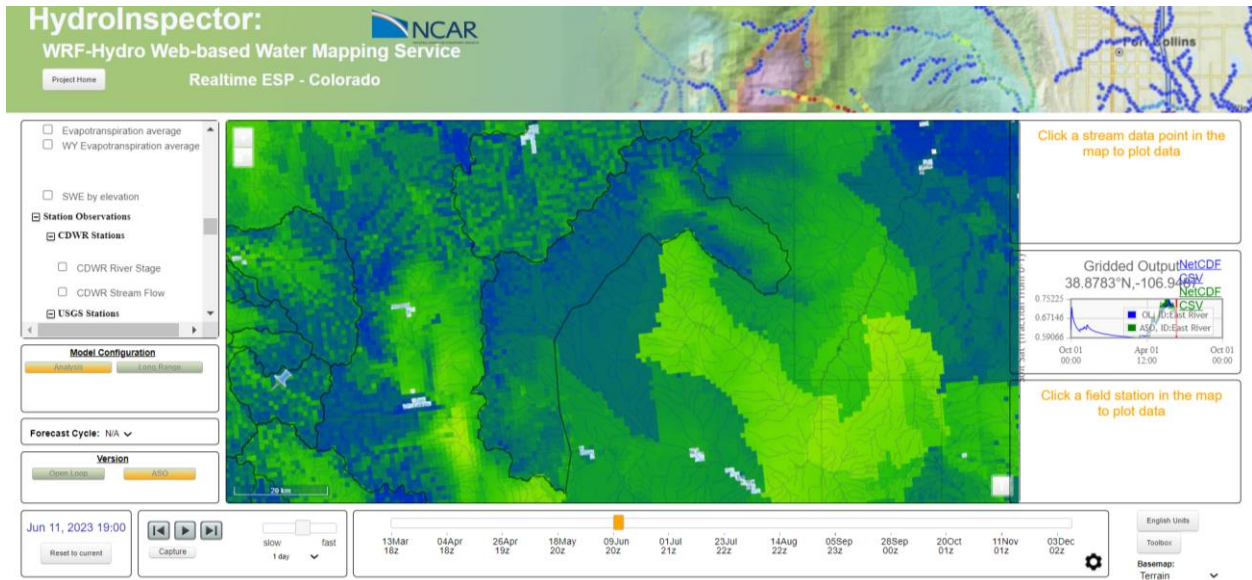
### Upper South Platte River Basin-averaged Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis and Forecasts:



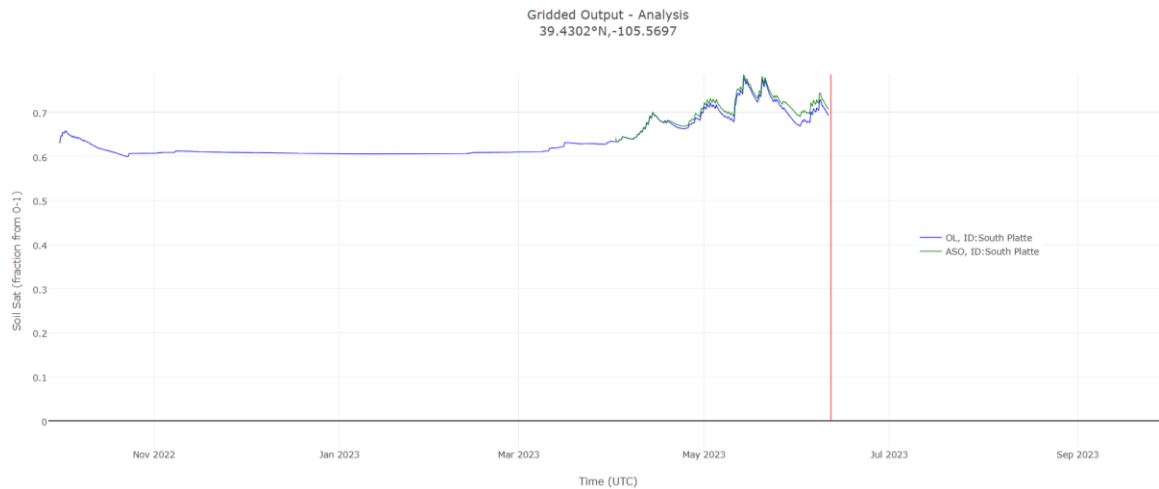
Elevation profile of SWE for SNODAS (red), ASO-assimilated snowpack (green) and WRF-Hydro OpenLoop (blue) for Upper South Platte River basin:



Spatial map of WRF-Hydro modelled soil saturation:



*Basin-averaged soil saturation values for the Upper South Platte River basin:*



*Upper South Platte April-Jul Median (Q50) Accumulated Runoff/Inflow (initialized on 6/11/2023):*

N. Fork, S. Platte at Bailey (CDWR PLABAICO): 27.8 kac-ft (New forecast site, considerable anthropogenics upstream, no naturalized observed flow data yet available)

Jefferson Cr. near Jefferson (CDWR JEFJEFCO): 3.9 kac-ft (New forecast site, clear evidence of managed flow in observations)

Michigan Cr. near Jefferson (CDWR MCHJEFCO): 5.6 kac-ft (New forecast site)

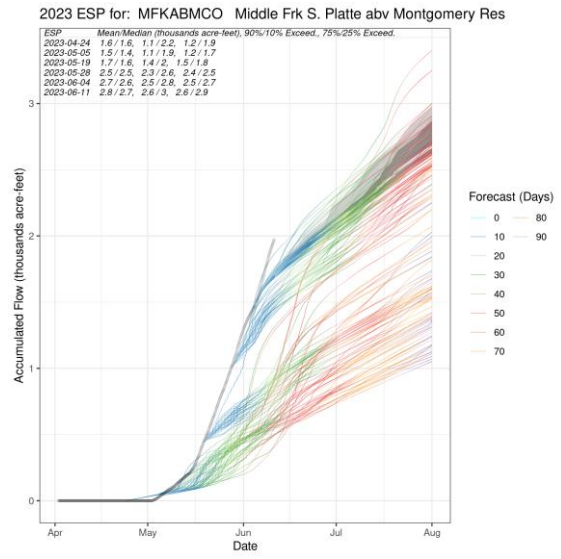
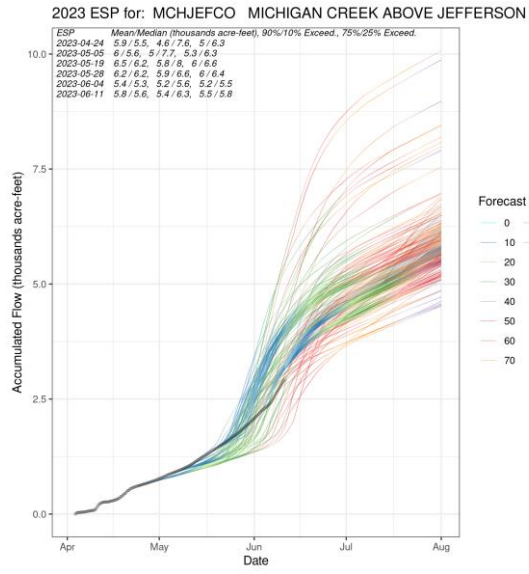
Tarryall Cr at Upper Station (CDWR TARRUPCO): 9 kac-ft (New forecast site, no actual observations yet integrated)

Middle Frk S. Platte abv Montgomery Res (CDWR MFKABMCO): 2.7 kac-ft (New forecast site)

S. Fork of S. Platte abv Antero Res (CDWR SFKANTCO): 7.5 kac-ft (New forecast site...suspect observational data before 4/15)

Antero Res. Inflow: Lacking proper usable observed inflow data...

Example ensemble flow accumulation plot for Apr-Oct inflow:

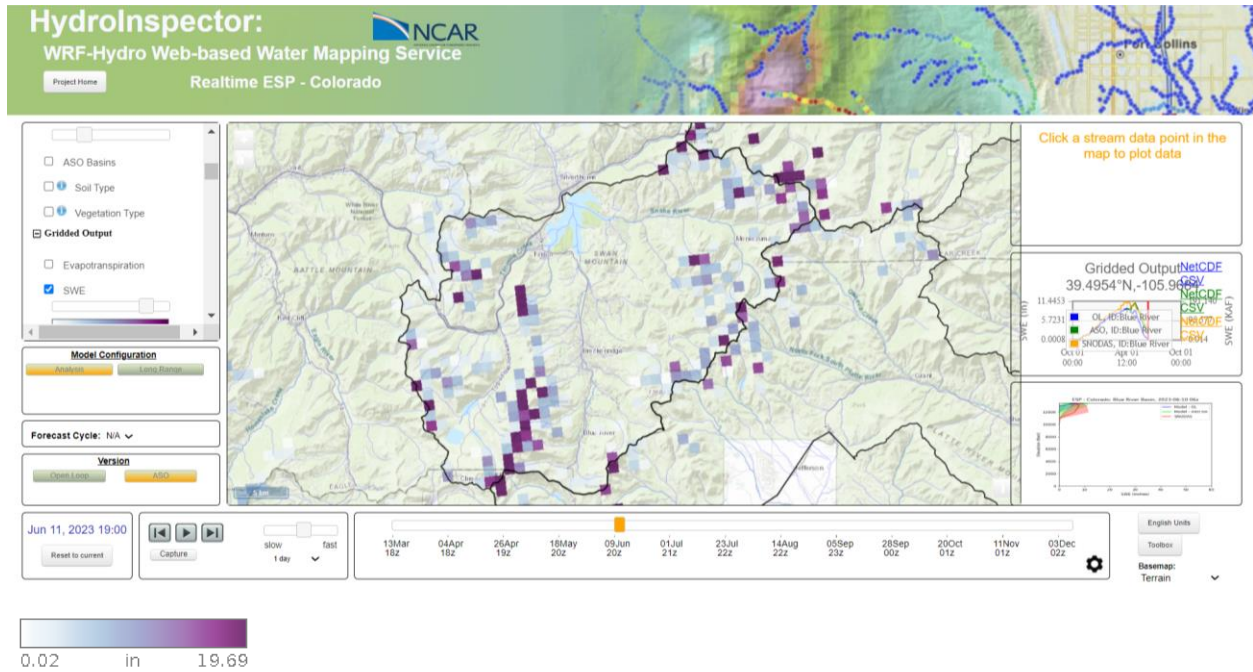




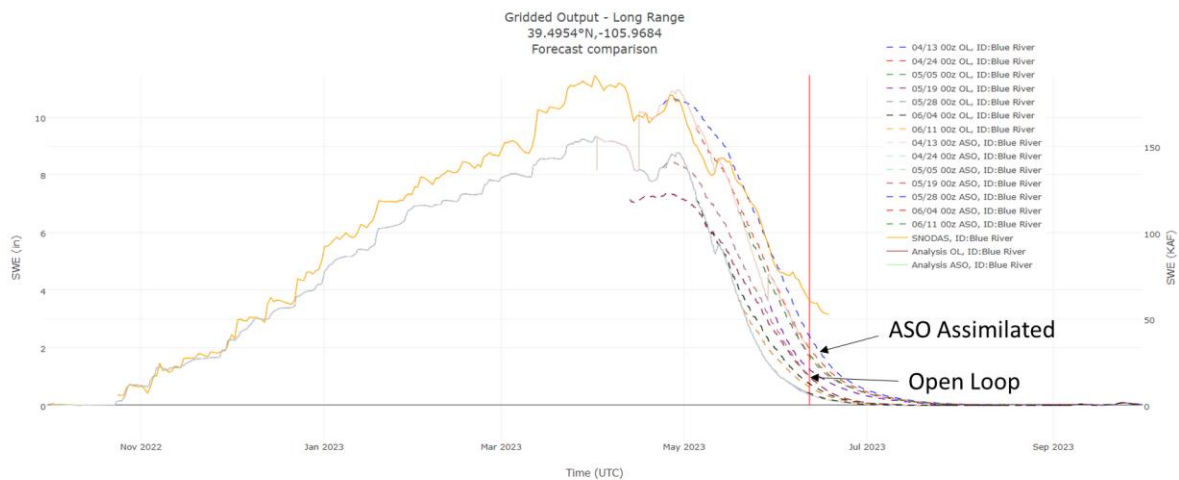
## Blue River/Dillon Reservoir System:

As of June 11 the ASO-assimilated snowpack from the WRF-Hydro model was approximately 34 kac-ft for the Blue River/Dillon Reservoir basin. The bulk of the remaining snowpack in the throughout the region resided above 12,000 ft. Basin averaged soil saturation fractions for the basin have begun decreasing modestly and are around 68%.

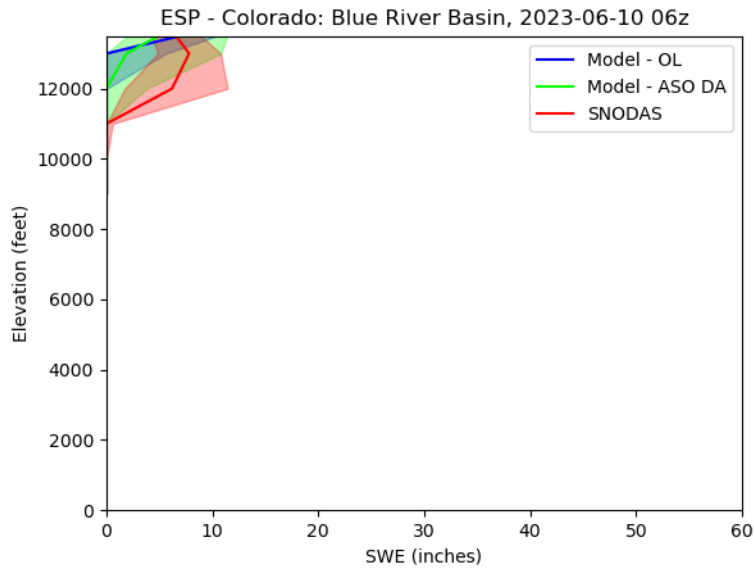
### Blue River/Dillon Reservoir Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis



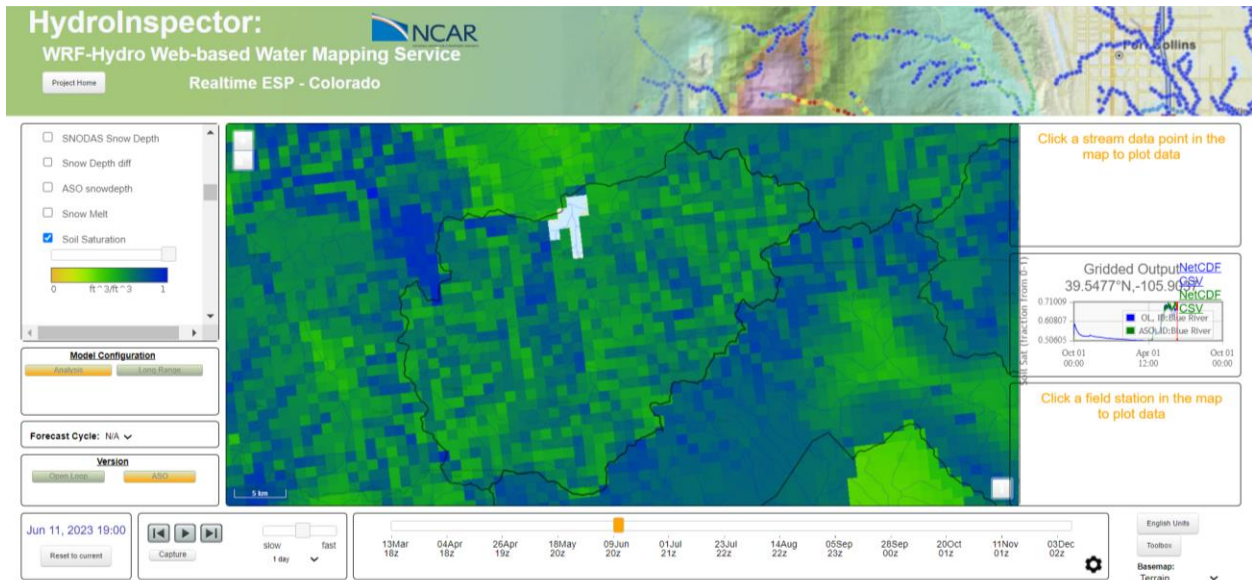
### Blue River/Dillon Reservoir basin-averaged Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis and Forecasts:



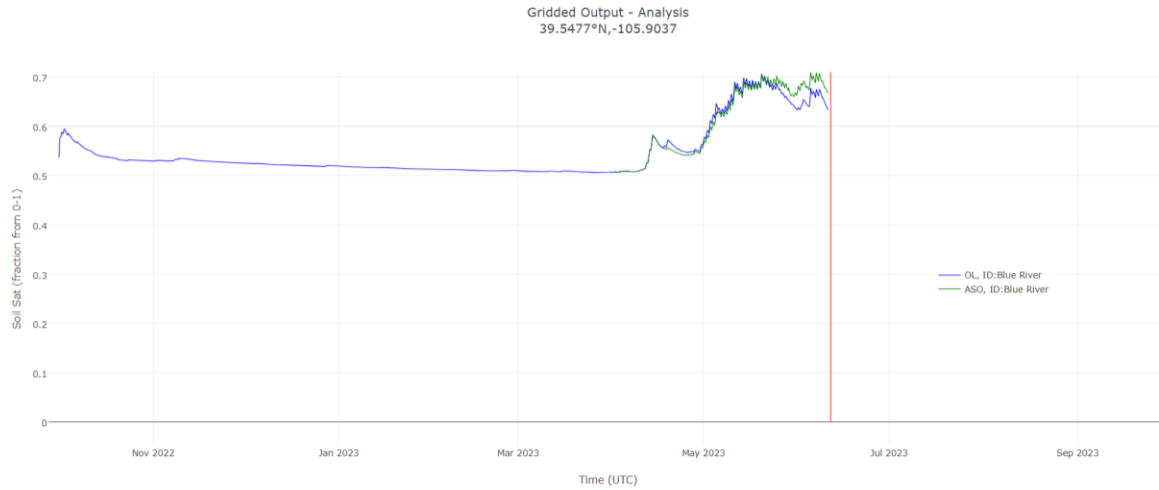
Elevation profile of SWE for SNODAS (red), ASO-assimilated snowpack (green) and WRF-Hydro OpenLoop (blue) for the Blue River/Dillon Reservoir basin:



Spatial map of WRF-Hydro modelled soil saturation:



*Basin-averaged soil saturation values for the Upper South Platte River basin:*



*Blue River/Dillon Reservoir April-Jul Median (Q50) Accumulated Runoff/Inflow (initialized on 6/11/2023):*

Dillon Reservoir: 136.3 kac-ft

Blue River abv Dillon: 45.3 kac-ft

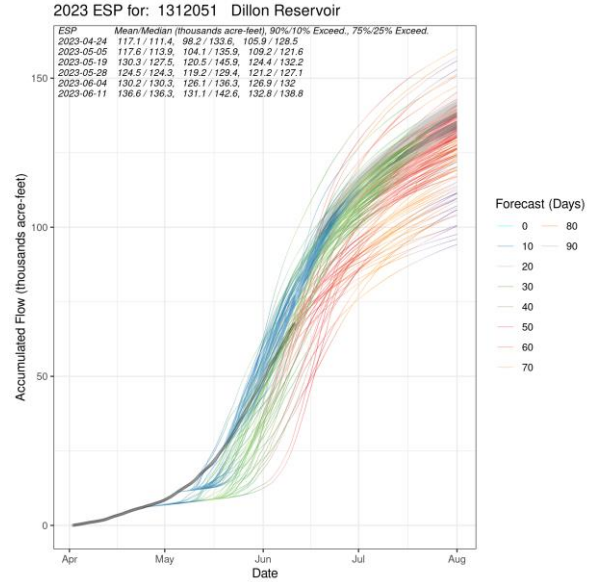
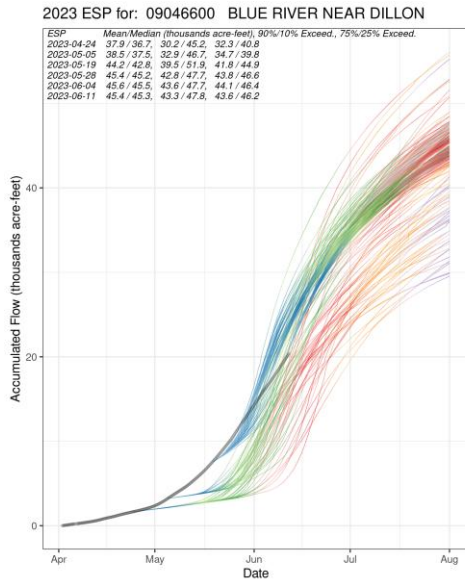
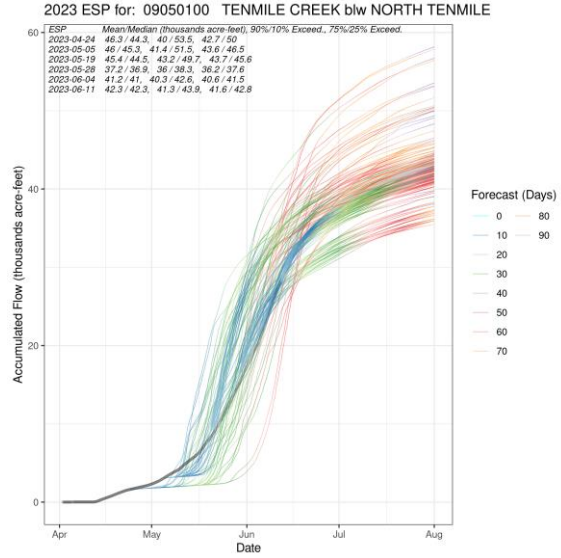
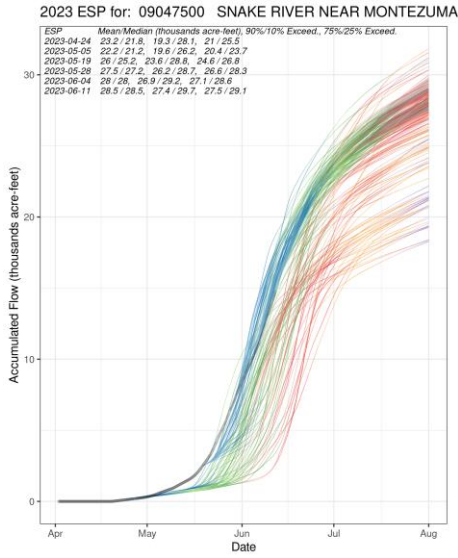
Snake River nr Montezuma: 29 kac-ft

Tenmile Creek nr Frisco: 42.3 kac-ft

Keystone Gulch nr Keystone: 2.8 kac-ft

Straight Cr. nr Dillon: 5.4 kac-ft

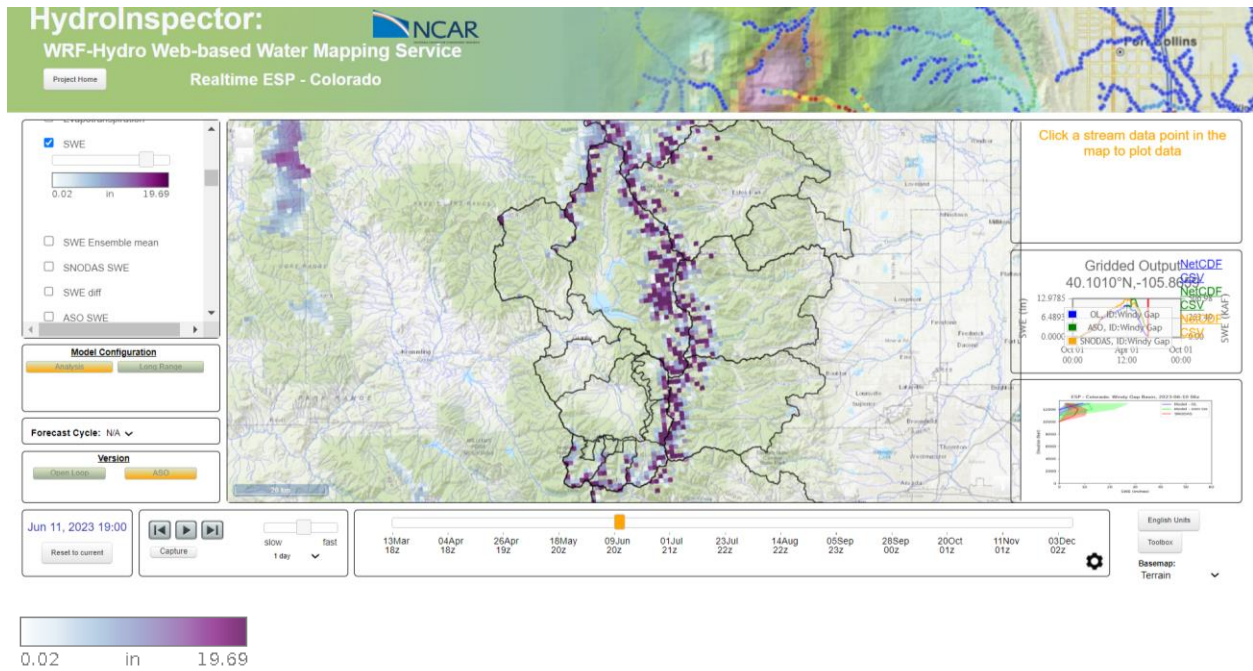
Example ensemble flow accumulation plot for Apr-Oct inflow:



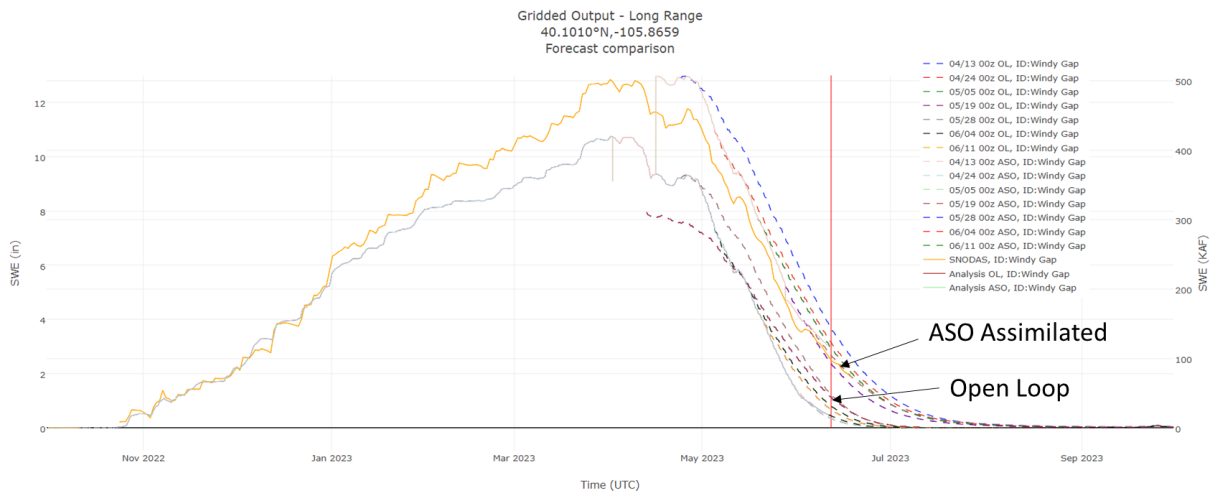
## Upper Colorado River/Windy Gap System:

As of June 11 the ASO-assimilated snowpack from the WRF-Hydro model was approximately 117.5 kac-ft for the Upper Colorado Windy Gap basin. The bulk of the remaining snowpack in the throughout the region largely resided above 11,500 ft. Basin averaged soil saturation fractions for the basin have continued to decline slowly over the last few weeks.

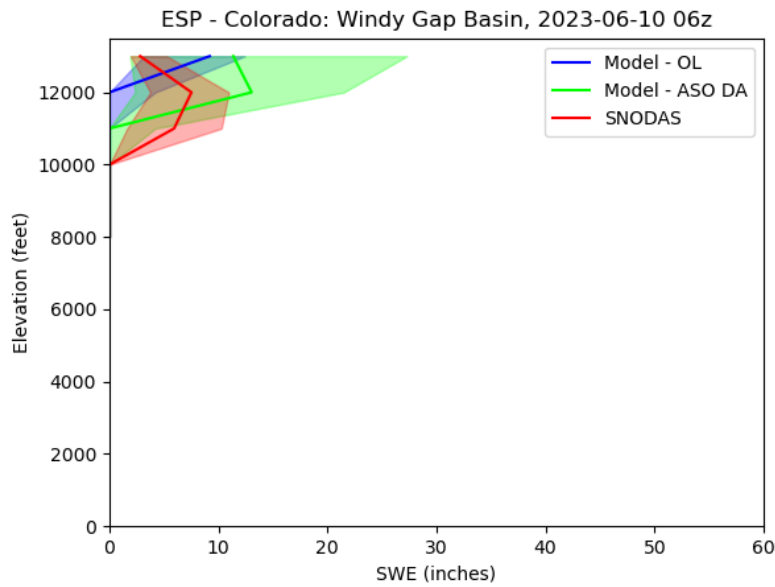
### Upper Colorado/Windy Gap Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis



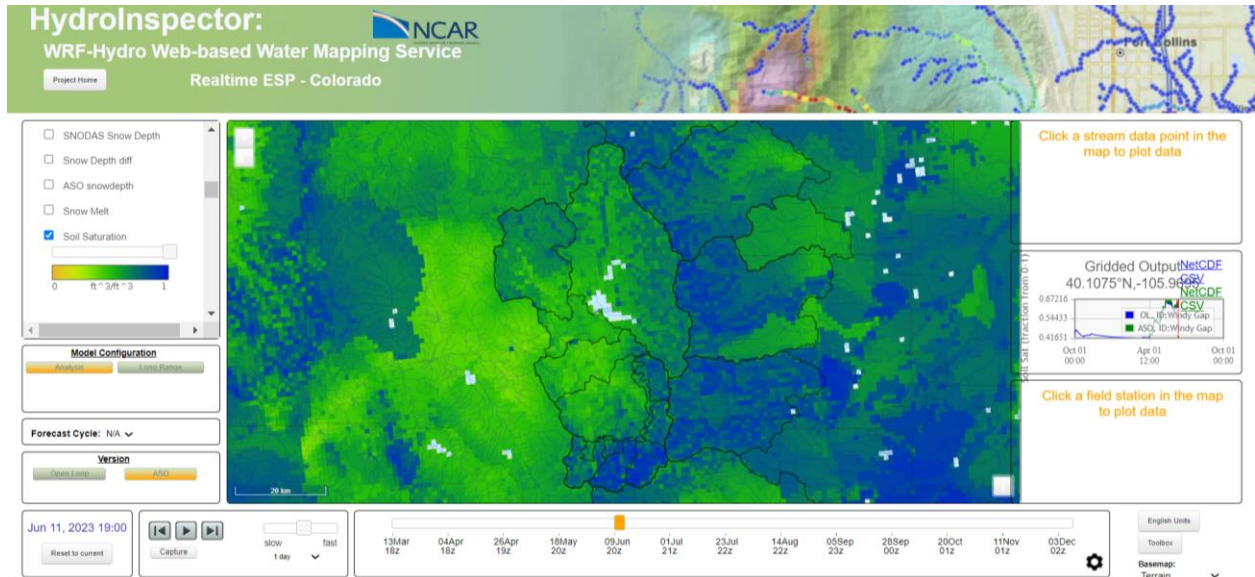
### Upper Colorado/Windy Gap basin-averaged Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis and Forecasts:



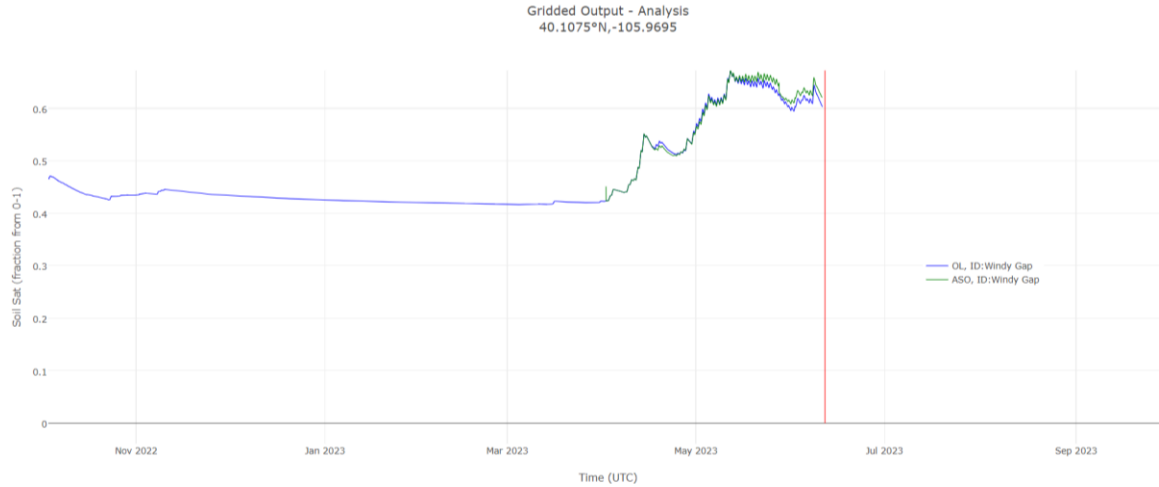
Elevation profile of SWE for SNODAS (red), ASO-assimilated snowpack (green) and WRF-Hydro OpenLoop (blue) for the Upper Colorado/Windy Gap basin:



Spatial map of WRF-Hydro modelled soil saturation:



*Basin-averaged soil saturation values for the Upper Colorado/Windy Gap basin:*



*Upper Colorado/Fraser to Windy Gap April-Jul Median (Q50) Accumulated Runoff/Inflow (initialized on 6/11/2023):*

Col. R. blw Baker Gulch: 48.2 kac-ft

North Inlet Cr.: 32 kac-ft (CDWR NORINLET: using analyzed observed flow for period without actual observations)

East Inlet Cr.: 26 kac-ft (CDWR EASINLET: using analyzed observed flow for period without actual observations)

Fraser R @ Upper Sta: 9.7 kac-ft (uses actual observed flows, naturalized flow record needed)

Fraser R @ Winter Park: 21.7 kac-ft (uses actual observed flows, naturalized flow record needed)

Vazquez Cr. nr Winter Park: 15.8 kac-ft (uses actual observed flows)

Ranch Cr. nr Fraser: 13.3 kac-ft (uses actual observed flows)

Cabin Cr nr Fraser: 5.3 kac-ft (uses actual observed flows)

St. Louis Cr. nr Fraser: 13.9 kac-ft (uses actual observed flows, naturalized flow record needed)

Fraser R @ Tabernash: 60.3 kac-ft (uses actual observed flows, naturalized flow record needed)

Fraser R @ Granby: 143.2 kac-ft (CDWR FRAGRACO: using naturalized flow at gauge location provided by Northern WCD of 74.3 kac-ft )

Willow Cr. Reservoir inflow: 80 kac-ft (using naturalized Willow Cr. Reservoir inflow provided by Northern WCD of 72 kac-ft )

Grand Lake inflow: 104.1 kac-ft (no observed inflows available...used model analysis)

Lake Granby inflow: 306 kac-ft (using naturalized Lake Granby inflow provided by Northern WCD of 153.4 kac-ft )

Col. R. nr Granby: needs naturalized flow timeseries

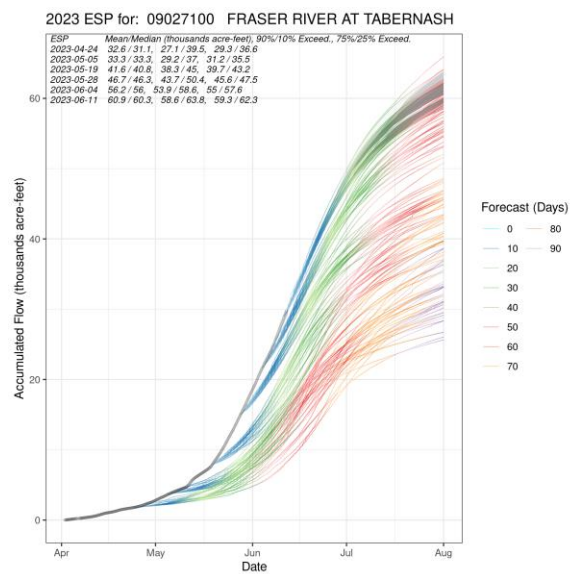
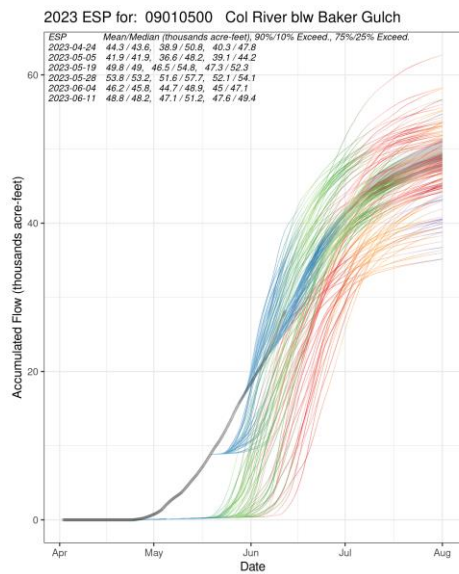
Williams Frk nr Leal: 43.2 kac-ft

S. Frk Williams Crk nr Leal: 15.1 kac-ft

Bobtail Cr. Nr Jones Pass: 4.3 kac-ft

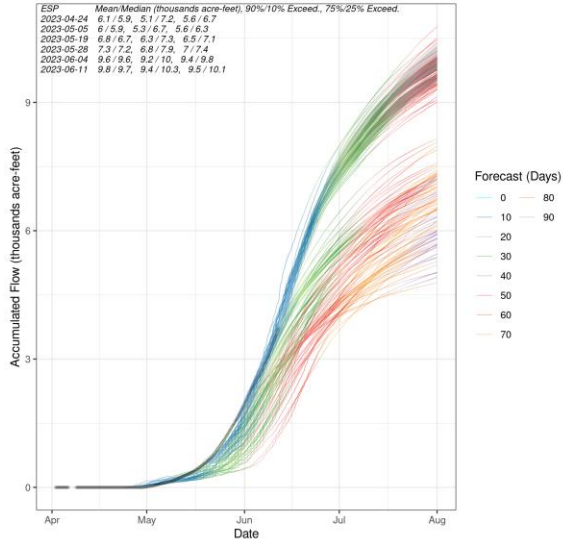
Williams Frk Res. Inflow: 43 (no observed inflows available...used model analysis)

Example ensemble flow accumulation plot for Apr-Oct inflow (initialized on 6/11/2023):

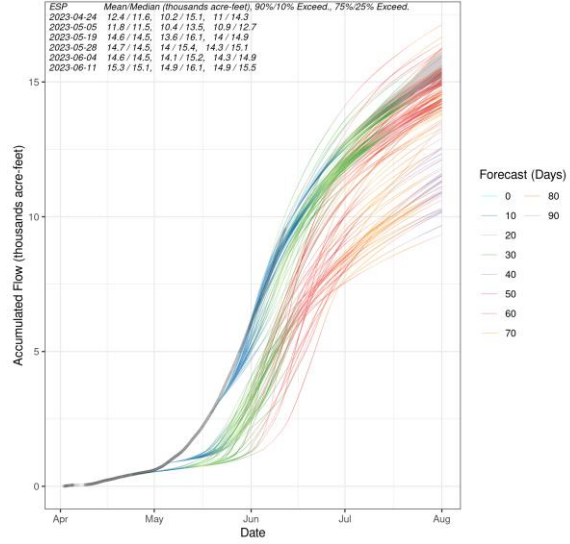




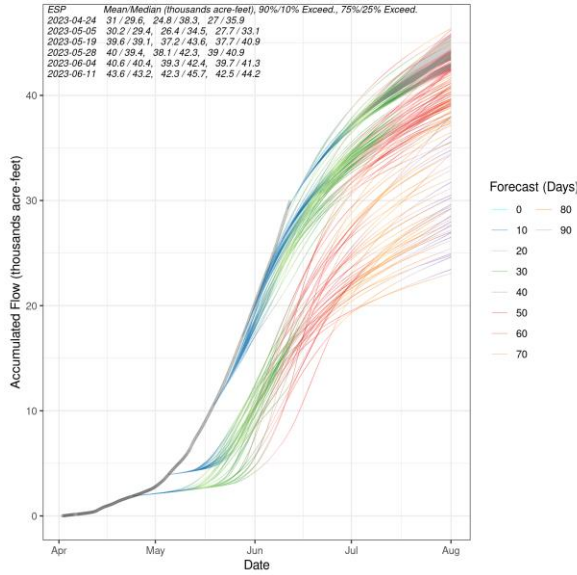
2023 ESP for: 09022000 FRASER RIVER AT UPPER STA



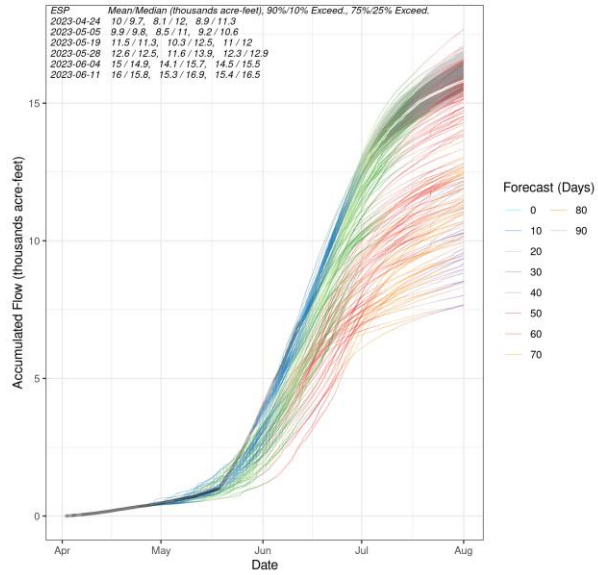
2023 ESP for: 09035900 S Frk Williams Crk nr Leal



2023 ESP for: 09036000 Williams Frk nr Leal



2023 ESP for: 09025000 VASQUEZ CREEK AT WINTER PARK



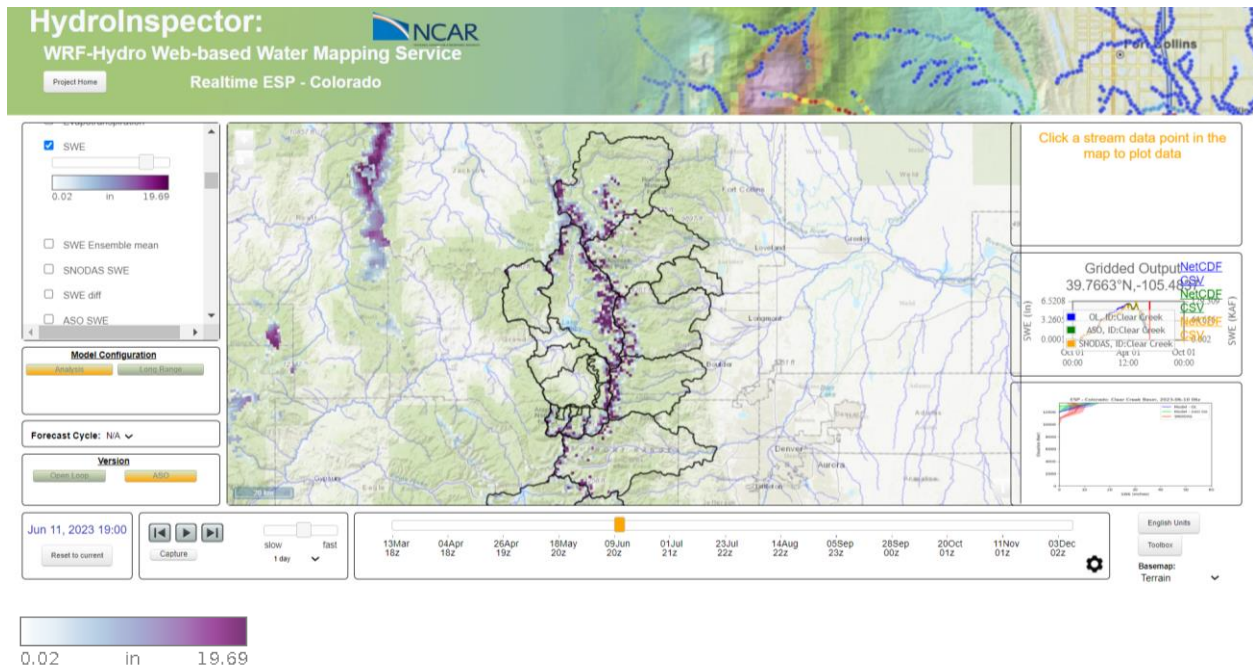
## Front Range System:

As of June 11 the ASO-assimilated snowpack from the WRF-Hydro model for the 5 Front Range basins was: [ASO survey data for all Front Range basins has now been assimilated into the WRF-Hydro model]

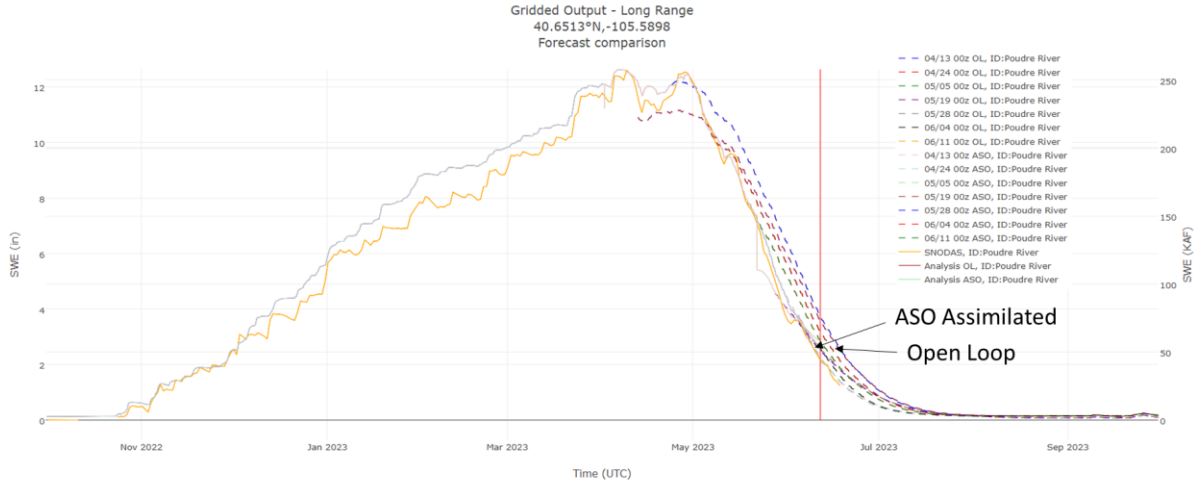
Poudre River Basin:	59 kac-ft
Big Thompson River Basin:	25 kac-ft
Little Thompson River Basin:	0.0 kac-ft
St. Vrain River Basin:	25 kac-ft
Boulder Creek Basin:	35 kac-ft
Clear Creek Basin:	20 kac-ft

Nearly all remaining snowpack in the throughout the region resided above 11,500 ft.

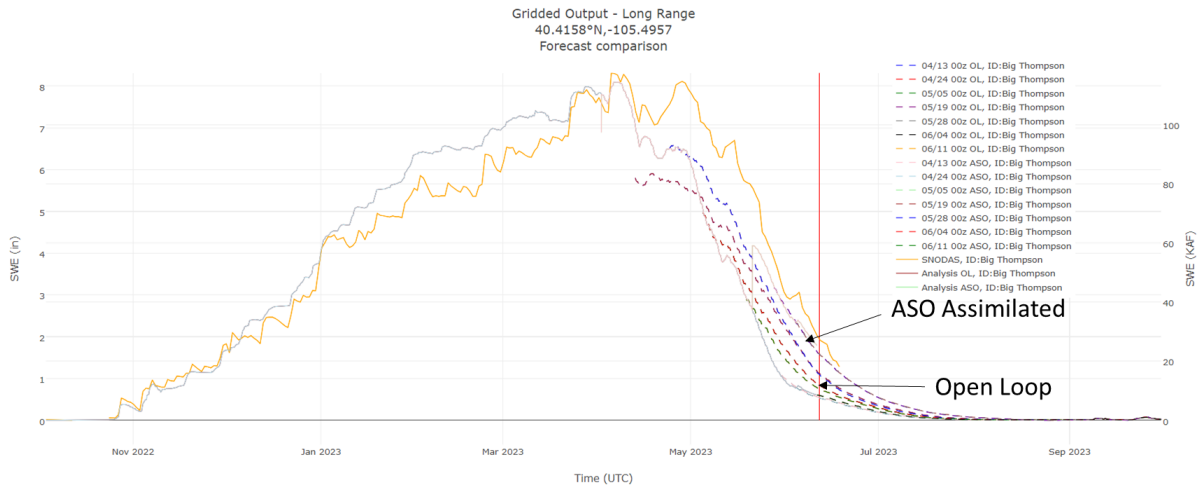
### Front Range System Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Analysis



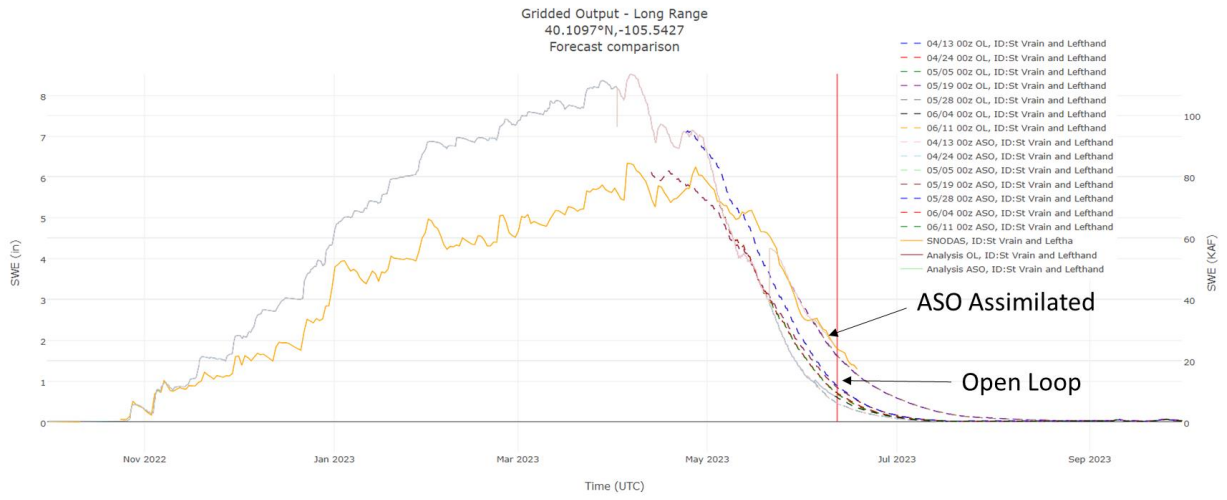
*Poudre River basin-averaged SWE:*



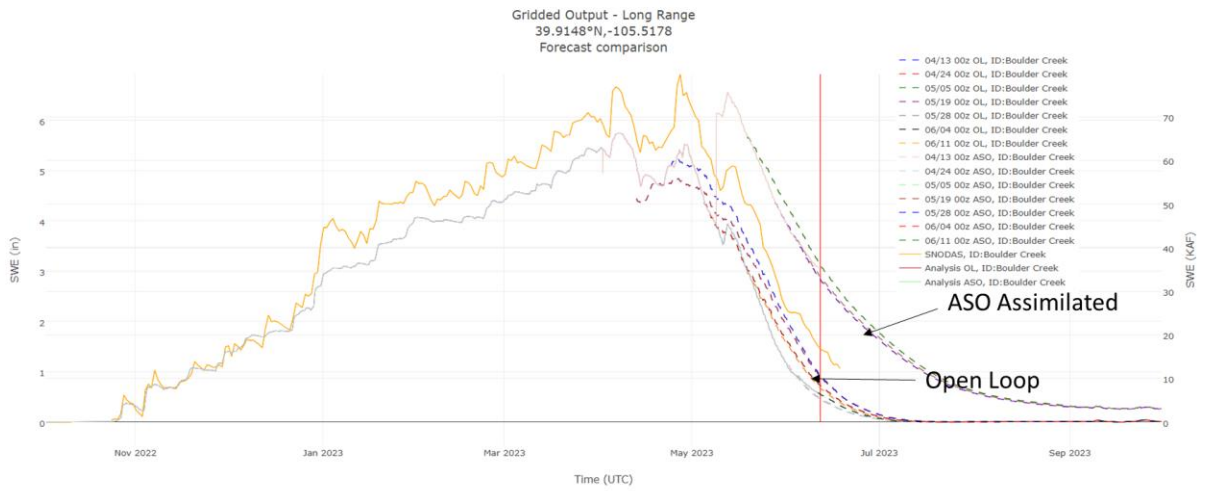
*Big Thompson basin-averaged SWE:*



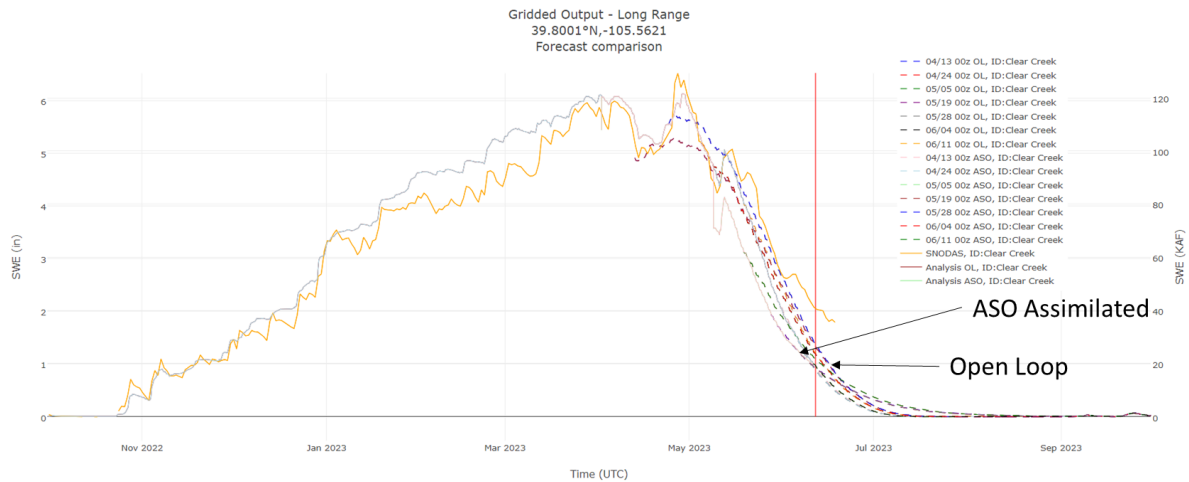
**St. Vrain basin-averaged SWE:**



**Boulder Creek basin-averaged SWE:**



**Clear Creek basin-averaged SWE:**



**Poudre River Sub-basin forecast flow, (initialized on 6/11/2023):**

Cache La Poudre nr Fort Collins (CDWR CLAFTCCO): 172.6 kac-ft (New forecast site, considerable anthropogenics upstream considerable anthropogenics upstream...using naturalized flow from Northern of 145 kac-ft WCD yields total of 213 kac-ft)

**Big Thompson/Little Thompson River Sub-basin forecast flow, (initialized on 6/11/2023):**

Big Thompson abv Lake Estes (CDWR BTABESCO): 66.9 kac-ft (New forecast site)

N. Fork Big Thompson at Drake (CDWR BTNDFRCO): 15.8 kac-ft (New forecast site...major upstream management)

Little Thompson River nr Berthoud (CDWR LTCANYCO): 7.8 kac-ft (New forecast site...upstream diversions not yet accounted for)

**St. Vrain River Sub-basin forecast flow, (initialized on 6/11/2023):**

Button Rock Reservoir Inflow...no inflow data yet available...

South St Vrain near Ward, CO...(CDWR SSVWARCO): 12.7 kac-ft (New forecast site...needs adjustment...no observation data available prior to May 15)

North St. Vrain abv Button Rock Reservoir (CDWR NSVABRCO)...CDWR station discontinued in 2019

Middle Fork St. Vrain at Peaceful Valley (CDWR MIDSTECO): 17.9 kac-ft (New forecast site)

St. Vrain at Lyons (CDWR SVCLYCO): 65.6 kac-ft (New forecast site...considerable anthropogenics upstream...using naturalized flow from Northern WCD of 46 kac-ft yields total of 81 kac-ft)

Boulder Creek Sub-basin forecast flow, (initialized on 6/11/2023):

Middle Boulder Cr at Nederland...(CDWR BOCMIDCO)...in progress...

Boulder Cr. at Orodell (CDWR BOCOROCO): 43.1 kac-ft (New forecast site, considerable anthropogenics upstream...using naturalized flow from Northern WCD 26.61 yields total of 49.7 kac-ft)

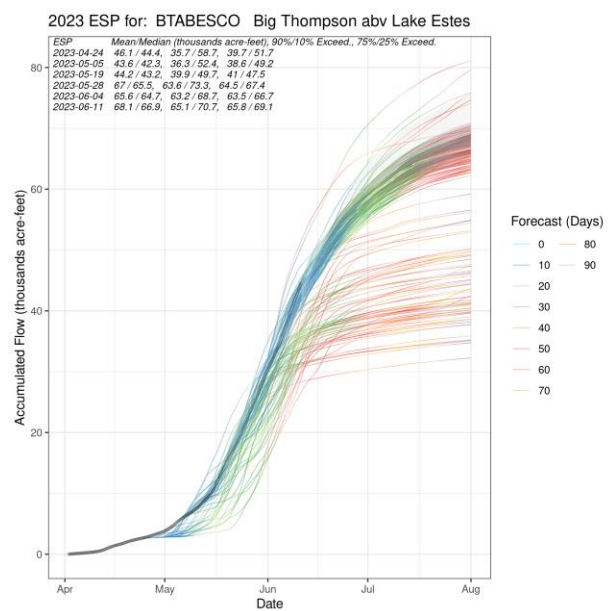
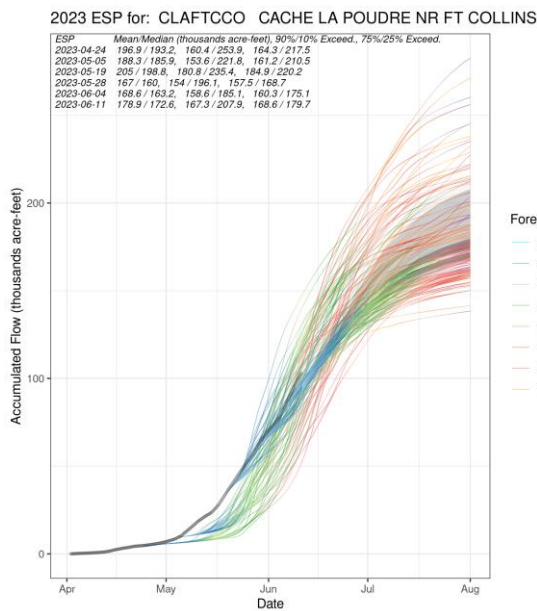
Clear Creek Sub-basin forecast flow, (initialized on 6/11/2023):

Clear Creek abv Georgetown (CDWR CLEGLKCO): 23.7 kac-ft (New forecast site)

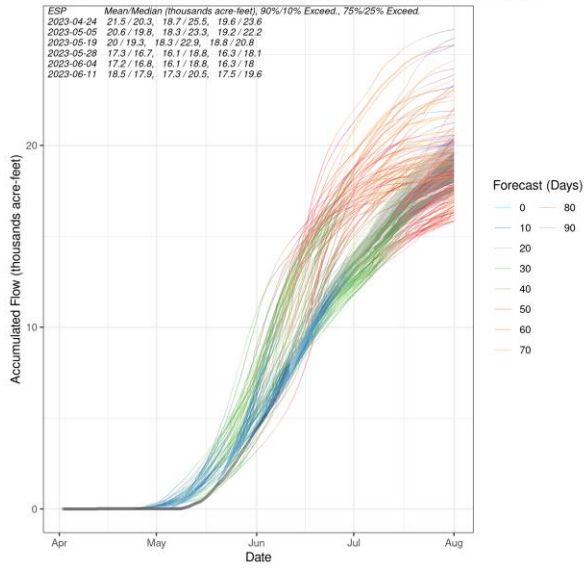
Clear Creek at Lawson (CDWR CLELAWCO): 64.2 kac-ft (New forecast site, some anthropogenics upstream, no naturalized observed flow data yet available)

North Fork Clear Creek abv mouth at Black Hawk (CDWR NCCBLACO)...in progress...

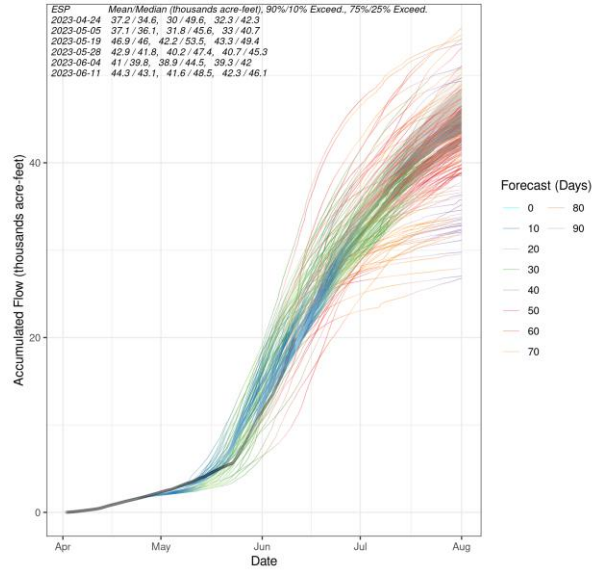
Example ensemble flow accumulation plot for Apr-Jul inflow:



2023 ESP for: MIDSTECO MIDDLE St. VRAIN AT PEACEFUL VALLEY



2023 ESP for: BOCOROCO BOULDER CREEK NEAR ORODELL



2023 ESP for: CLEGLKCO Clear Creek abv Georgetown

